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WEST BENGAL NURSING COUNCIL

FIRST YEAR GENERAL NURSING MIDWIFERY (3 YRS) EXAMINATION

DECEMBER - 2023

SUBJECT: COMMUNITY HELTH NURSING - I (PAPER - IV)

(OBJECTIVE)

FULL MARKS - 20

TIME ALLOWED: 20 MINUTES

(ANSWER ON THIS SHEET ONLY)

5. Match the column 'A' with column 'B':

1×5=5

	<u>Column - A</u>		Column-B
(a)	Quality of Protein	(i)	Children below 6 years
(b)	ICDS	(ii)	1st December.
(c)	AIDS Day	(iii)	12th May
(d)	Nurses Day	(iv)	Mixing of pulses
(e)	Non alcoholic beverage	(v)	Coffee
		(vi)	7th April

6. Place encircle mark against the most suitable answer:

1×5=5

- (a) Epidemiological triad is -
 - (i) Agent, host, environment
 - (ii) Agent, vector, host
 - (iii) Agent, environment, vector
- (b) Cold chain refers to
 - (i) Storage and transport of vaccine at recomemded temperature
 - (ii) Manufacturing vaccine in very cold temperature
 - (iii) Storage of vaccine in deep fridge
- (c) The first dose of 'Vit A' oil is to be administered
 - (a) At birth
 - (ii) 9th month
 - (iii) 3rd month

	(d)	The head quarter of UNICEF is at —				
		(i) Rome				
		(ii) Geneva				
		(iii) New York				
	(e)	Cross ventilation means —				
		(i) Opening the windows and door of a room				
		(ii) Supplying a room with enough fresh air				
		(iii) Keeping all the fans on				
7.	Fill	up the blanks : 1×5=5				
	(a)	Copper 'T' is a method of Family Planning.				
	(b)	The diseases which are transmitted from animal to human are named as				
	(c)	A person who harbour disease agent without showing sign and symptoms is called				
	(d)	Home available fluid is to be given to the child in case of				
	(e)	The application of disinfective mesure after patient has died is called disinfection.				
8.	Writ	e 'True' or 'False' against the following statements : 1×5=5				
	(a)	Koplik spot is a positive sign of measles.				
	(b)	Cellulose acts as roughage to prevent diarrhea.				
	(c)	An outbreak of disease in a community in excess of normal expectation				
		known as epidemic.				
	(d)	Inanimate articles other than food or water contaminated by infectious				
	` '	disease known as fomite.				
	(-)	The number of new cases accurring in a defined population during specified				
	(e)					
		period of time known as incidence.				