



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2023-2024 Programme - B.Sc.(CCT)-2022/B.Sc.(CCT)-2023 Course Name - Microbiology **Course Code - BCCTC201** (Semester II)

Time: 2:30 Hours Full Marks: 60

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group-A (Multiple Choice Type Question)

b) Vibrio

d) Palisade

Choose the correct alternative from the following: (i) Identify the correct name for bacterial chromosome b) nucleoid a) ssDNA d) mesosome c) nucleus

(ii) Name the mordant used in Gram staining procedure

b) lodine a) Crystal violet

d) Alcohol and Acetone c) Saffranin

(iii) Select the terms which refers to a prokaryotic cell that is comma shaped?

c) Bacillus (iv) Select the composition of breast milk

a) Coccus

b) IgE a) IgG d) IgA c) IgD

(v) Choose among the following and decide for which TAB vaccine is useful

b) Diptheria a) Polio d) Typhoid c) Pertussis

(vi) Select the sexually transmitted bacterial disease

b) Syphilis a) AIDS d) Hepatitis c) Herpes

(vii) Choose among the following and select which is not a chemical

b) Ozone a) UV d) Bromine c) Chlorine (viii) Name term used to describe a cluster of spherical bacteria

1 x 15=15

	a) Streptococci	b) Staphylococci d) Bacilli			
(ix)	c) Diplococci Name the term for an exaggerated immune response to a harmless substance				
	a) Hypersensitivity	b) Autoimmunity			
(v)	c) Immunodeficiency Select the type of hypersensitivity reaction which	d) Immunization is also known as delayed-type			
(^)	hypersensitivity	is also known as actay and approximately			
	a) Type I	b) Type II			
/vi\	c) Type III	d) Type III			
(XI)	Name the term used for a severe and potentially a) Anaphylaxis	b) Autoimmunity			
	c) Immunodeficiency	d) Immunization			
(xii)	Name the test used to diagnose HIV	•			
	a) ELISA	b) PCR			
(xiii)	c) CT scan Name the virus that causes COVID-19	d) None of these			
(/////	a) SARS-CoV-1	b) SARS-CoV-2			
	c) MERS-CoV	d) None of the these			
(xiv)	Choose the common cause of uncomplicated urin	ary tract infections in women			
	a) Escherichia coli (E. coli)	b) Staphylococcus aureus			
(xv)	c) Streptococcus pyogenes Choose among the following which is a common of	d) Pseudomonas aeruginosa			
(***)	a) Streptococcus pneumoniae	b) Herpes simplex virus (HSV)			
	c) Clostridium botulinum	d) Salmonella enteritidis			
	Grow	n-R			
	Group-B (Short Answer Type Questions) 3 x 5:				
2. Distinguish between disinfection and Sterilization process.					
3. Describe the terms Vibrio and helical according to bacterial morphology4. Discuss the structure of IgM			(3) (3)		
5. Explain how antibiotic resistance develop and what are the consequences			(3)		
6. Women are more prone to UTI than men- analyze and explain the statement					
Pe	OR Penicillin is effective more in Gram positive bacteria but not in Gram negative bacteria- Explain (3)				
	e proper reason using suitable exsample of bacter		n (3)		
	Group-C				
	(Long Answer Ty	pe Questions)	5 x 6=30		
7. E	7. Explain each steps involved in the ZN staining process with proper justification of each step (5)				
8. D	8. Differentiate active TB and latent TB				
9. 11	1 6 7				
10. Write down the advantages and disadvantages of using phenol as a disinfectant with mentioning mode of action of phenol					
	11. Discuss the role of antibodies in immunity to infectious diseases. How do they contribute to (5)				
tŀ	ne clearance of pathogens	,	(-)		

12.	Antigen 1 with 25000D molecular weight with tyrosine as a component of the antigen protein structure. Antigen 2 with 5000D molecular weight with lipid molecules in structure. Analyze the immunological power of the two antigens with proper explanation	(5)
	OR Describe the concept of viral antigenic variation. Analyze this phenomenon challenges the development of effective vaccines against certain viruses.	(5)
