



## **BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY**

## Term End Examination 2023-2024 Programme – M.Sc.(MSJ)-2023 Course Name – Communication Research Methods Course Code - MMSJC201 ( Semester II )

Full Marks : 60	Time: 2:30 Hours
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[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

## Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 15=15

1. Choose the correct alternative from the following: (i) What is research? Select. a) Objective in nature b) A systematised method to gain knowledge c) A process of knowing facts about the existing d) All of these situation (ii) What type of data is typically generated in survey research? Relate. a) Quantitative b) Qualitative c) Both a and b d) None of these (iii) Formulation of hypothesis may not be necessary in . Infer. a) Survey studies b) Historical studies c) Experimental studies d) None of these (iv) In an experiment a variable that is measured can be identified as? a) Independent variable b) Dependent variable c) Extraneous variable d) None of them (v) Interviewing all members of a given population can be classified as? a) Sample b) Gallup poll c) Census d) Nielsen audit (vi) First step in starting the research process is \_\_\_\_\_. Identify. a) Searching sources of information b) Survey of related literature c) Identification of problem d) Searching for solutions to the problem (vii) Choose the the meaning of hypothesis. b) Statements of predicted relationships a) Formulated prior to a review of the literature between variables

	L D folso		d) Both 1 and 2	
c) 1	is true but 2 is false	esent data	a is Identify.	
(viii) The	is true but 2 is false graph that uses vertical bars to repr	esciil date	b) A pie chart	
	bar chart		d) A vertical graph	
~\ ^	line graph	1-1	a) A vertical grap	
(ix) The	full form of ABC is	. Choose.	c ci mulation	
-1.4	Association for Broadcasting and Circu	ulation	b) Audit Bureau of Circulation	
a) A	Analysis of Broadcasting Categories		d) Audit of Broadcast Channels	
C) A	C stands for	. Identify.		
(X) KPC	_ Statius for		b) Keaders Let Coby	
	Readership Plus Circulation		d) Readers Point of Contact	
c) R	Readership Plan & Circulation ssify the name of the conceptual fran	nework in	which the research is carried out.	
		nework w	b) Resesrch design	
	Research variable		d) None of them	
c) R	Research data		Classify	
(xii) The	e format of thesis writing is the same	as in	Classify.	
	Writing an essay		b) Preparation of research paper	
c) I	Mriting a dissertation		d) Presenting a workshop	
(xiii) The	e way to judge the depth of any resea	arch can b	e classified as?	
	By research title		b) By research duration	
	By research objectives		d) By total expenditure on research	
(viv) Wh	nat constitutes a good thesis? Classify	<i>[</i> .		
			b) Correct reference citations	
	Well defined abstract Consistency in the way of thesis writir	ng	d) All of these	
C) (	t out the technique generally followe	d when a		
			b) Purposive Sampling Technique	
	Systematic Random Sampling Techniq	lue	d) None of these	
c) /	Area Sampling Technique		u) None of these	
		Groun	n-R	
Group-B (Short Answer Type Questions)			_	3 x 5=15
	(Siloi C	Allawei iy	pe questions,	
and the second s			_	(3)
2. Construct a short note on Audit Bureau of Circulation.			(3)	
3. Build a short note on circulation research.				(3)
4. Explain the term purposive sampling.			(3)	
<ul><li>5. Anslyze the differences between qualitative and quantitative research.</li><li>6. Compose the role of extraneous variables in a research.</li></ul>			(3)	
6. Com	pose the role of extraheous variables	OR		(-/
Elabo	orate the role of research gap for form			(3)
Elabo	hate the fole of research gap for form	raidting a	nypotitesis.	(-)
		Grou	n-C	
	(Long)		pe Questions)	5 x 6=30
	(2016)	, mower ry	pe questions,	
7 111	strate the objectives of modic research	h		(5)
<ol> <li>Illustrate the objectives of media research.</li> <li>Differentiate between probability and non-probability sampling.</li> </ol>			(5)	
<ol> <li>Differentiate between probability and non-probability sampling.</li> <li>Construct the importance of pilot survey in research.</li> </ol>		(5) (5)		
10. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of survey questionnaire.		(5)		
10. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of survey questionnaire.  11. Distinguish between participant and non-participant interview.				(5)
12. What is Research Design? Formulate its process and types.				(5)
±£. ¥₹!!		OF		1-7
For	mulate the types of errors in sampling			(5)
		-		1-7