



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2023-2024
Programme – B.Sc.(PA)-2022/B.Sc.(PA)-2023
Course Name – Human Anatomy-Part II
Course Code - BPAC201
(Semester II)

Time: 2:30 Hours Full Marks: 60 [The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.] Group-A 1 x 15=15 (Multiple Choice Type Question) Choose the correct alternative from the following: 1. (i) Stratum germinativum is found in which structure? b) Skin a) prostate d) pleura c) urethtra (ii) Morris parallelogram is used to define surface marking of_ b) liver a) pancreas d) kidney c) gall bladder (iii) Identify the structure around which we find fascia of Xerota ____ b) Gall bladder a) Spleen d) kidney c) prostate (iv) Rectovesical pouch is a peritoneal fold existing in between rectum and _____ a) urinary bladder b) uterus d) pubis bone c) cervix (v) Identify the structure which attaches to greater omentum ____ b) lesser curvature of stomach a) greater curvature of stomach c) pancreas d) both option 1 and 3 (vi) Identify the structure which drains into second part of duodenum _____ a) hepato-pancreatic duct b) superior mesentric artery c) Inferior mesentric artery d) thoracic duct (vii) Identify the area which shows tenderness in case of appendicitis _____ a) Ster nal angle b) Jugular notch c) Epigastrium d) Mac burneys point (viii) Identify the condition- collection of pus in pleural cavity _____

		a) haemothorax	b) pneumothorax d) pleural effusion	
	(iv)	dentify the condition- collection of air in pleural cavity		
	(1/)	a) haemothorax	b) pneumothorax	
) F	d) pleural effusion of mediastinal structure?	
	(x)	Identify which part of the lung shows impression	b) base	
		a) Apex	b) base d) medial surface	
	/s:\	c) costal surface Identify the lymph node via which CA breast from breast may spread to other breast?		
	(XI)		b) Axillary	
		a) Delto-pectoral c) Inter- mammary	d) Sub-diaphragmatic	
	(xii)	Identify the structure where plexus of sappey is for	ound	
	` '	a) Prostate	b) Urinary bladder	
		a) 1	d) Areola	
	(xiii)	i) The superior mediastinum can be distinguished from inferior mediastinum by a line		
		passing through -lower border of which vertebra		
		a) T4	b) T2	
		c) T3	d) T5 e is found	
	(xiv)	Identify the structure where Reissners membrane	b) outer ear	
		a) eye	d) internal ear	
	(sar)	c) middle ear Which of the following structures is responsible	for detecting changes in head position and	
	(×v)	acceleration?		
		a) Cochlea	b) Semi circular canal	
		c) ossicles	d) eustachian tube	
Group-B (Short Answer Type Questions)				3 x 5=15
				2 X 2-12
				(3)
	2. Explain the than 8.0, had the same and th			
3. Write a short on membranous part of male urethra?4. Write a short note on the anatomy of eye and describe it with a proper diagram?				(3) (3)
	4. V	rite a short hote on the anatomy of eye and description and the lymphatic drainage of the breast in	short with proper diagram?	(3)
6. Write a short note on Portal Triad?			(3)	
	0		PR .	
	E	xplain the vascular supply of pancreas with diagra	im.	(3)
			up-C	
		(Long Answer 1	Type Questions)	5 x 6=30
		<u> </u>		
		Explain boundary and contents of superior and in	ferior mediastinum with contents and	(5)
sutitable diagram?			with propor diagram 84 and 1	. (5)
8. Describe the surface features of urinary bladder with proper diagram. Men trigone of bladder?			with proper diagram. Mention the interna	I (5)
		Describe the anatomy of the thoracic duct and c	isterna chyli?	/E\
		Write about Urogenital diaphragm with diagram.		(5) (5)
		Describe the auditory pathway along with a proper diagram?		(5) (5)
		Draw a Pen-picture for the Biliary Apparatus with	•	(5) (5)
			- 2 6 6 kg	(5)



Prepare a table to illustrate the differences between Jejunum & Ileum?

(5)