



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2025-2026

Programme – B.Sc.(CCT)-2022/B.Sc.(CCT)-2023/B.Sc.(CCT)-2024/B.Sc.(CCT)-2025

Course Name – Medical Ethics

Course Code - BCCTC205

(Semester II)

Full Marks : 60

Time : 2:30 Hours

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 15=15

1. Choose the correct alternative from the following :

- (i) Identify from the following which is included in the study of ethics

a) moral principles	b) moral judgments
c) logic	d) malpractice
- (ii) Select the time since which Medical ethics have been around

a) Since the time of Hippocrates	b) Since the time of Hercules
c) Since the time of Einstein	d) Since the time of Hawking
- (iii) Select the authority who has the right to establish the bench of the Supreme Court elsewhere in the country

a) Chief Justice	b) President
c) Parliament	d) Prime Minister
- (iv) Select the year in which constituent assembly was setup in

a) 1945	b) 1946
c) 1947	d) 1949
- (v) Tell which is the oldest court in India.

a) Calcutta	b) Madras
c) Bombay	d) Delhi
- (vi) Select the governing body that resides over every state district

a) District Court	b) Judiciary
c) Subordinates	d) None of these
- (vii) Select the correct full form of CPA

a) Consumer Privacy Act	b) Central Postal Act
c) Consumer Protection Act	d) Civil Police Action
- (viii) Choose the place where National Consumer Disputes Redressal Forum is situated

a) Kolkata	b) New Delhi
c) Mumbai	d) Chandigarh
- (ix) Select the type of transplant method use for Bone marrow transplant

- a) Autograft
- b) Allograft
- c) Xenograft
- d) Iso Graft
- (x) Select the year when first successful kidney transplant was done
 - a) 1909
 - b) 1898
 - c) 1990
 - d) 1995
- (xi) Identify the principle that obligates healthcare workers to do good to the patient.
 - a) Autonomy
 - b) Justice
 - c) Beneficence
 - d) Fidelity
- (xii) Select the type of consent assumed in emergency situations.
 - a) Express consent
 - b) Written consent
 - c) Implied consent
 - d) Proxy consent
- (xiii) Identify which is NOT a defect in consent
 - a) Fraud
 - b) Coercion
 - c) Misrepresentation
 - d) Voluntariness
- (xiv) Name the principle concerned with fair distribution of resources.
 - a) Autonomy
 - b) Justice
 - c) Beneficence
 - d) Non maleficence
- (xv) Identify negligence involving lack of reasonable care.
 - a) Civil negligence
 - b) Criminal negligence
 - c) Gross negligence
 - d) Contributory negligence Answer

Group-B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

3 x 5=15

2. List the cases of negligence covered by subordinate court (3)
3. Discuss the main objectives of MTP 1971 in details. (3)
4. Summarize the aims and objectives of COPRA (3)
5. Describe medical negligence. (3)
6. Explain the principles of autonomy and best interest with suitable clinical examples. (3)

OR

Analyze the role of informed consent as a process in medical practice. (3)

Group-C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

5 x 6=30

7. Describe the purpose of the best interest principle in the care of vulnerable patients. (5)
8. Distinguish High court and Supreme court in India (5)
9. Discuss the Right to Safety for the consumers (5)
10. Construct the applications of Consent. (5)
11. Describe the components included in Patient's medical records. (5)
12. Explain the concept of informed consent and list its essential components. (5)

OR

Analyze the situations in which patient autonomy may be ethically limited. (5)

Library
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