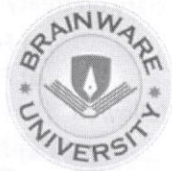




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Term End Examination 2025-2026**Programme – BBA LL.B.-2021/BBA LL.B.-2022/B.A. LL.B.-2022****Course Name – Public International Law****Course Code - BBALLB803/BALLB803****(Semester VIII)****Full Marks : 60****Time : 2:30 Hours**

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 15=15

1. Choose the correct alternative from the following :

- (i) Choose who first defined International Law in 1780
 - a) Jeremy Bentham
 - b) Oppenheim
 - c) Hans Kelsen
 - d) J G Starke
- (ii) Choose one peaceful way to settle disputes
 - a) War
 - b) Violence
 - c) Mediation
 - d) Sanctions
- (iii) What type of law deals with genocide and war crimes
 - a) Trade law
 - b) International criminal law
 - c) Family law
 - d) Property law
- (iv) Recall which court tries serious international crimes
 - a) ICJ
 - b) WTO
 - c) ICC
 - d) ILO
- (v) Recall what ensures a foreign judgment is valid in another country
 - a) Enforcement
 - b) Arrest
 - c) Appeal
 - d) Review
- (vi) Choose which treaty deals with diplomats
 - a) Geneva Convention
 - b) UDHR
 - c) Vienna Convention
 - d) Paris Agreement
- (vii) Outline document protecting individual rights globally
 - a) ICCPR
 - b) UDHR
 - c) UN Charter
 - d) NATO
- (viii) Infer role of amicus curiae in proceedings
 - a) Judge
 - b) Party
 - c) Accused
 - d) Adviser
- (ix) Infer special attribute of international legal personality

- a) Social responsibility
c) Power
(x) Show approach adopted by Indian judiciary on treaty law
a) Monism
c) Dualism
(xi) What principle requires treaties to be followed
a) Estoppel
c) Sovereignty
(xii) Choose the principle resolving treaty conflicts
a) Jus cogens
c) Opinio juris
(xiii) Tell the body settling treaty disputes
a) UNGA
c) ICJ
(xiv) Tell the location of UN headquarters
a) Geneva
c) London
(xv) Choose the UN body meeting annually
a) ECOSOC
c) Security Council
- b) Rights and duties
d) Territory
b) Federalism
d) Pluralism
b) Pacta sunt servanda
d) Jurisdiction
b) Lex specialis
d) State practice
b) WTO
d) IMF
b) Paris
d) New York
b) ICJ
d) General Assembly

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Group-B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

3 x 5=15

2. Outline the concept of express recognition in international law. (3)
3. Outline the concept of territorial sea under international law. (3)
4. Summarise the rule of speciality in extradition law. (3)
5. Recall the composition of the Trusteeship Council. (3)
6. Explain the meaning of extradition in public international law. (3)

OR

Explain the principle of double jeopardy in extradition. (3)

Group-C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

5 x 6=30

7. Despite the existence of treaties, international courts, and recognised legal principles, States often fail to comply with international obligations, and enforcement mechanisms remain limited in comparison to domestic legal systems. In this context, explain why International Law is sometimes described as a weak law, with reference to issues of consent, enforcement, and State sovereignty. (5)
8. Summarize the role of international organizations in enforcing International Law. (5)
9. Explain the theory of monism in the relationship between international law and municipal law. (5)
10. Examine the differences between monism and dualism in international legal theory. (5)
11. Examine the approach of Indian courts towards international law and municipal law. (5)
12. In the face of complex global challenges such as peacekeeping operations, humanitarian crises, and coordination among multiple United Nations organs, questions arise regarding the effectiveness of the UN's administrative machinery. In this context, assess the role of the UN Secretariat in international governance by examining its functions, responsibilities, and contribution to the implementation of decisions taken by other organs of the United Nations. (5)

OR

Explain the structure and jurisdiction of the International Court of Justice. (5)