



# BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2022  
Programme – MCA-2020/MCA-2021  
Course Name – Big Data Analysis  
Course Code - MCA305A  
( Semester III )

Full Marks : 60

Time : 2:30 Hours

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

## Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 15=15

1. Choose the correct alternative from the following :

- (i) Report the identifiers in HiveQL are
- a) case sensitive
  - b) case insensitive
  - c) sometimes case sensitive
  - d) Depends on the Hadoop environment
- (ii) Justify the correct option for the blank: Most of the \_\_\_\_\_ data generated on twitter
- a) Structured data
  - b) Unstructured data
  - c) Semi structured data
  - d) None of these
- (iii) Define the language that Hadoop written in.
- a) Java (software platform)
  - b) Perl
  - c) Java (programming language)
  - d) Lua (programming language)
- (iv) State the main components of big data.
- a) HDFS
  - b) YARN
  - c) Map Reduce
  - d) All of these
- (v) Define the platform in which Hadoop runs on.
- a) Bare metal
  - b) Debian
  - c) Cross-platform
  - d) Unix-like
- (vi) Identify the object which maps input key/value pairs to a set of intermediate key/value pairs.
- a) Mapper
  - b) Reducer
  - c) Both Mapper and Reducer
  - d) None of the mentioned
- (vii) Report the situation when you consider an association rule interesting?
- a) If it only satisfies min\_support
  - b) If it only satisfies min\_confidence
  - c) If it satisfies both min\_support and min\_confidence
  - d) There are other measures to check so
- (viii) Observe the expression of Confidence (A -> B) and select the correct answer.

- a) Support(AUB) / Support  
c) Support(AUB) / Support (A)
- (ix) Judge the requirement of K-means clustering?  
a) defined distance metric  
c) initial guess as to cluster centroids
- (x) Determine the algorithm that is most sensitive to outliers?  
a) K-means clustering algorithm  
c) K-modes clustering algorithm
- (xi) Write the algorithm that does not require a dendrogram?  
a) K-means  
c) Divisible
- (xii) Calculate the different features of Big Data Analytics.  
a) Open source  
c) Scalability
- (xiii) Select the correct statements about sampling.  
a) Sampling reduces the amount of data fed to a subsequent data mining algorithm.  
c) Sampling aims to keep statistical properties of the data intact.
- (xiv) Choose The correct answer for the blank: Most NoSQL databases support automatic \_\_\_\_\_ meaning that you get high availability and disaster recovery.  
a) Processing  
c) Replication
- (xv) Decide the types of nosql databases.  
a) Graph & Column-oriented databases.  
c) Key-value stores
- b) Support(AUB) / Support (B)  
d) None of mentioned
- b) number of clusters  
d) all of the mentioned
- b) K-medians clustering algorithm  
d) K-medoids clustering algorithm
- b) Agglomerative  
d) All of the mentioned
- b) Data recovery  
d) All of these
- b) Sampling reduces the diversity of the data stream.  
d) Both a and c
- b) Scability  
d) All of these
- b) Document database  
d) All of the above

### Group-B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

3 x 5=15

2. Illustrate the features of NoSQL. (3)
3. Illustrate unsupervised learning method with example. (3)
4. Explain likelihood and evidence in Naive Bayes. (3)
5. What is sentiment analysis with its challenges. (3)
6. Illustrate the various types of data in big data. (3)

OR

Discuss the applications of Association rules. (3)

### Group-C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

5 x 6=30

7. Illustrate the workflow of YARN in detail. (5)
8. Illustrate decision trees classification. (5)
9. Explain in detail about HDFS. (5)
10. Explain content-based filtering in detail. (5)
11. Evaluate why we use NoSQL and how it differs from Relational database? (5)
12. Define the characteristics of Big Data Applications. (5)

OR

Describe the components of Hadoop architecture in details. (5)