



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2022
 Programme – M.A.(ENG)-2019
 Course Name – English Prosody and Linguistics I
 Course Code - MELS304F
 (Semester III)

Full Marks : 60

Time : 2:30 Hours

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 15=15

1. Choose the correct alternative from the following :
 - (i) "The smallest unit of sounds" is called

a) Phoneme	b) Allophone
c) Juncture	d) Morpheme
 - (ii) The letters a,e,i,o,u in English alphabet are called

a) Clusters	b) Consonants
c) Vowels	d) Words
 - (iii) "Phonetics" is a part of language study. It is

a) Study of system of sound of language	b) Study of words
c) Study of articulation, transmission and reception of speech sounds	d) None of these
 - (iv) According to phonetic method, the unit of a word is

a) Sentence	b) Word
c) Sound	d) Letter
 - (v) A ___ group indicates that the primary object in breaking up an utterance in order to breathe.

a) Breath	b) Sense
c) Tone	d) Phonetic
 - (vi) A transition between words in connected speech, particularly when this involves an unusual phonetic feature is called _____.

a) Accent	b) Dialect
c) Liaison	d) Stress
 - (vii) The term ___ describes the realization of phonological variations for a specific morpheme.

a) Allomorph	b) Allophone
c) Phonomorph	d) None of these

- (viii) ___ morphemes often change the grammatical category (part of speech) of a word.
- a) Derivational
b) Inflectional
c) Both 1 and 2
d) None of these
- (ix) Identify the pre-modifier in the Noun Phrase: A dashing and daring captain who brought a new confidence to the Indian cricket scene.
- a) a new confidence
b) A dashing and daring
c) the Indian cricket scene
d) None of these
- (x) Identify the preposition phrase in the Noun Phrase: A dashing and daring captain who brought a new confidence to the Indian cricket scene.
- a) a new confidence
b) A dashing and daring captain
c) to the Indian cricket scene
d) None of these
- (xi) The Number of diphthongs in English Sound is _____.
- a) 12
b) 8
c) 44
d) 20
- (xii) How many sounds are there in English language?
- a) 12
b) 20
c) 44
d) 8
- (xiii) Which one of the following is not an organ of speech?
- a) Ear
b) Tongue
c) Vocal cord
d) lips
- (xiv) The following does not belong to the basic components of speech
- a) stress
b) rhythm
c) poem
d) intonation
- (xv) A strong, regular repeated pattern of movement or sound is called
- a) Stress
b) Rhythm
c) Pause
d) Intonation

Group-B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

3 x 5=15

2. What is the phenomenon of allomorphy? (3)
3. What are the differences between broad and narrow transcriptions of speech sounds? (3)
4. Describe the method by means of which metrical patterns are graphically represented. (3)
5. What are the different air-stream mechanisms? (3)

OR

Write a short note on the place of articulation for consonantal speech sounds. (3)

6. Mention the different levels of adequacies as per the tradition of Chomskyan Grammar? (3)

OR

Mention the different parts of a syllable / What is the structure of a syllable? (3)

Group-C
(Long Answer Type Questions)

5 x 6=30

7. Define with appropriate examples Intonation, Accent and Rhythm. (5)
8. Discuss with relevant examples, Morphological Process and their relevance in understanding language. (5)
9. Discuss the types and structures of Syllables. (5)
10. Comment upon Surface and Deep Structure Inter-relations in Transformational Generative Grammar. (5)
11. What is Phonetics? What is its scope and objective in language studies? (5)
- OR**
- Explicate the term Sociolinguistics. (5)
12. Discuss- Speech Mechanism and Speech Organs. (5)
- OR**
- Introduce, with examples the various types of Figures of Speech. (5)
