



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2018 - 19

Programme - B.Pharm

Course Name - Remedial Mathematics

Course Code - BP106RMT

(Semester - 1)

Time allotted: 1 Hours 30 min

Full Marks: 35

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group - A

(Short Answer Type Questions)

 $5 \times 5 = 25$

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Answer any five from the following:

1. If
$$\frac{\log x}{ry - qz} = \frac{\log y}{pz - rx} = \frac{\log z}{qx - py}$$
 prove that $x^p y^q z^r = 1$.

2. Show that the matrix
$$\frac{1}{3}\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & -2 \\ -2 & 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$
 is orthogonal.

3. Find
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
 if $y = \cos(x^3 + \log x)$.

4. Solve the following equations by matrix inversion method: x + y + z = 2

$$x + 2y + 3z = 1$$

$$3x + y - 5z = 12$$

- Find the equation of the straight line passing through the point (-3,4) and parallel to the straight line 2x-3y-5=0.
- Resolve the following rational fractions into partial fractions:

$$\frac{3x-2}{(x+1)^2(x+3)}$$

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7. Solve the differential equation $\left(\frac{1}{y^2} - \frac{2}{x}\right) = \frac{2x}{y^3} \frac{dy}{dx}$.

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Group - B

(Long Answer Type Questions)

 $1 \times 10 = 10$

Answer any one from the following:

8. (a)

If
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$
, then show that $A^3 - 5\dot{A}^2 + 6A - 5I = O$ where *I* is an

identity matrix and O is a null matrix, Hence find A^{-1} .

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(b) Evaluate $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\tan x - \sin x}{x^3}$.

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9. (a) Solve: $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2x - 3y}{3x - 2y}$; given that y=1, when x=0.

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(b) Find, from definition, the Laplace Transform of the function f(t) defined by

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 0, 0 < t \le 1 \\ t, 1 < t \le 2, \\ 0, t > 2 \end{cases}$$

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