



45552

**BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY****Term End Examination 2025-2026****Programme – M.Sc.(APSY)-2025****Course Name – Clinical Psychology****Course Code - MPY20502A****(Semester II)**

Library
Brainware University
398, Ramkrishnapur Road, Barasat
Kolkata, West Bengal-700125

Full Marks : 60**Time : 2:30 Hours**

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 15=15

1. *Choose the correct alternative from the following :*

- (i) Choose the ethical principle that is crucial in clinical psychology practice.
 - a) Confidentiality
 - b) Profit maximization
 - c) Political advocacy
 - d) Public speaking
- (ii) Relate the DSM with its country of origin.
 - a) Canada
 - b) Germany
 - c) India
 - d) USA
- (iii) Diagnose PD with rigidity & perfectionism.
 - a) Avoidant
 - b) OCD
 - c) OCPD
 - d) Paranoid
- (iv) Select cognitive feature of GAD.
 - a) Thought broadcasting
 - b) Suppression
 - c) Worry as avoidance
 - d) Disorganization
- (v) Assess why Cluster C PDs are anxious-fearful.
 - a) Mood instability
 - b) Erratic behavior
 - c) Excessive anxiety & avoidance
 - d) Delusions
- (vi) Compare borderline and narcissistic personality disorders on interpersonal relationships.
 - a) Borderline shows fear of abandonment, narcissistic shows exploitation
 - b) Both show high empathy
 - c) Narcissistic shows obsession with rituals
 - d) Both avoid social contact
- (vii) How is agoraphobia related to panic disorder?
 - a) Fear of being in situations where escape might be difficult during a panic attack
 - b) Fear of crowded places
 - c) Fear of heights
 - d) Fear of driving
- (viii) Select the primary feature of Cyclothymic Disorder from the following.

- a) Severe mood swings between mania and depression
 b) Periods of remission between depressive episodes
 c) Persistent depressive symptoms without any history of mania
 d) Chronic, fluctuating mood disturbances involving hypomanic and depressive symptoms
- (ix) Infer which of the following is a common feature of paranoid schizophrenia.
 a) Flat affect
 b) Auditory hallucinations with delusions of persecution
 c) Catatonia
 d) Mutism
- (x) A negative symptom of schizophrenia that relates to a decrease in motivated self-initiated purposeful activities is:
 a) Anhedonia
 b) Alogia
 c) Avolition
 d) Echolalia
- (xi) "Word salad" is most commonly associated with which symptom category of schizophrenia?
 a) Positive symptoms
 b) Negative symptoms
 c) Cognitive symptoms
 d) Disorganized symptoms
- (xii) Report the key difference between conduct disorder (CD) and oppositional defiant disorder (ODD).
 a) CD involves theft, ODD involves lying
 b) ODD includes antisocial behavior, while CD does not
 c) CD involves more severe violations of social norms, such as law-breaking behavior
 d) ODD is characterized by externalizing behavior, while CD is more internalizing
- (xiii) Classify Autism Spectrum Disorder based on required support levels.
 a) Functional, Dysfunctional, Comorbid
 b) Mild, Moderate, Severe Depression
 c) Requiring support, substantial support, very substantial support
 d) No classification
- (xiv) Evaluate executive function difficulties in ADHD.
 a) Memory storage issues
 b) High level reasoning
 c) Trouble with attention control and organization
 d) Vision problems
- (xv) Infer the significance of repetitive behavior in Autism Spectrum Disorder.
 a) It reflects creative thinking
 b) It is a response to sensory sensitivity
 c) It indicates intellectual giftedness
 d) It suggests schizophrenia

Group-B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

3 x 5=15

2. Illustrate the difference between hallucinations and delusions. (3)
3. Construct a symptom checklist for Bipolar I Disorder. (3)
4. Classify sexual disorders according to DSM-5. (3)
5. Explain the causes of Intellectual Disabilities. (3)
6. Differentiate mixed episodes and pure manic episodes. (3)

OR

Differentiate neurotic depression and psychotic depression. (3)

Group-C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

5 x 6=30

7. Illustrate the importance of the principle of confidentiality in the field of Clinical Psychology. (5)
8. Describe symptoms and causes of Social Anxiety Disorder in simple terms. (5)
9. Compare the key features of Hallucinogen Use Disorder and Alcohol Use Disorder. (5)

10. Discuss the influence of family environment on the development of ADHD. (5)
11. Summarize the different types of depressive disorders in DSM-5. (5)
12. Anticipate how fear conditioning contributes to the development and maintenance of phobia. (5)

OR

Compare and contrast the conceptual classification of the three clusters of personality disorders in DSM-5. (5)

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