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BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2025-2026

Programme – B.Sc.(PSY)-Hons-2023

Course Name – Environmental Psychology

Course Code - BPY60121

(Semester VI)

Full Marks : 60

Time : 2:30 Hours

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 15=15

1. *Choose the correct alternative from the following :*

- (i) Which statement summarizes the typology of environment?
 - a) Single uniform environment
 - b) Only physical settings
 - c) Classification of environments into types
 - d) Only social environment
- (ii) Which option illustrates a field study method?
 - a) Laboratory experiment
 - b) Survey in natural setting
 - c) Case study only
 - d) Intelligence testing
- (iii) Interpret place dependence.
 - a) Emotional symbolism of place
 - b) Cultural identity
 - c) Functional reliance on a setting
 - d) Sensory evaluation
- (iv) Describe the function of wayfinding.
 - a) Strengthening values
 - b) Navigating through environments
 - c) Identity formation
 - d) Environmental assessment
- (v) Select the best example of place identity.
 - a) Knowing landmarks
 - b) Evaluating safety
 - c) Mapping routes
 - d) Defining oneself through hometown
- (vi) Identify a situation showing use of spatial cognition.
 - a) Moral debate
 - b) Environmental concern
 - c) Navigating a new city
 - d) Emotional attachment
- (vii) Select an example of environmental assessment.
 - a) Measuring comfort of workspace
 - b) Feeling nostalgic
 - c) Navigating corridors
 - d) Valuing sustainability
- (viii) Identify the main function of personal space in social interactions.
 - a) Enhancing territorial claims
 - b) Maintaining privacy of data
 - c) Regulating interpersonal distance
 - d) Establishing ownership
- (ix) Select the best way territoriality is shown in public places.

- a) Avoiding interaction b) Reserving seats with belongings
- c) Ignoring space d) Sharing all resources
- (x) Decide how primary and secondary territories differ.
 - a) Both are owned permanently b) Primary is personal and exclusive; secondary is temporary or situational
 - c) Both are temporary d) Secondary is public only
- (xi) Identify crowding as a concept primarily based on which factor.
 - a) Biological limitation b) Cultural uniformity
 - c) Subjective perception d) Physical size only
- (xii) Identify overpopulation as an outcome of which condition.
 - a) Human–environment interaction b) Economic success
 - c) Cultural development d) Only biological growth
- (xiii) Recognize overpopulation as stressful primarily due to which reason.
 - a) Reduced demand b) Resource strain
 - c) Improved living standards d) Lower density
- (xiv) Select the safest evacuation method during a flood scenario.
 - a) Moving to higher ground b) Driving through deep water
 - c) Staying in the basement d) Ignoring warnings
- (xv) Identify disasters linked to human-induced climate change.
 - a) Heatwaves b) Earthquake
 - c) Volcanic eruption d) Tsunami

Group-B

(Short Answer Type Questions)

3 x 5=15

- 2. Explain the relationship between environment, culture, and behaviour. (3)
- 3. Describe the concept of place attachment in environmental psychology. (3)
- 4. Identify key features of cognitive maps in spatial cognition. (3)
- 5. Describe how noise functions as an environmental stressor. (3)
- 6. Analyse the importance of research in Environmental Psychology. (3)

OR

- Criticize the role of overpopulation in intensifying environmental stress. (3)

Group-C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

5 x 6=30

- 7. Describe the role of social environment in influencing human behavior. (5)
- 8. Compare natural and built environments, highlighting their physiological and psychological impacts. (5)
- 9. Illustrate how territorial behaviors manifest in different environments such as workplaces, schools, and public spaces. (5)
- 10. Explain the difference between natural disasters and man-made disasters, giving suitable examples. (5)
- 11. Analyze how environmental perception influences human interaction with urban spaces. (5)
- 12. Assess the role of environmental cues in regulating personal space in crowded public transport systems. (5)

OR

- Evaluate the impact of social media on individuals' perception of personal space and digital boundaries. (5)
