



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2023-2024 Programme – M.Sc.(ANCS)-2022 Course Name – Auditing IT Infrastructure for Compliance Course Code - MNCS402 (Semester IV)

Full Marks: 60 Time: 2:30 Hours
[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their

own words as far as practicable.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 15=15

- Choose the correct alternative from the following :
- (i) What is the essential aspect to be understood about the organization subject to IT audit?
 - a) Organisation's business and its strategic goals and objectives
- b) The number of operating units / locations and their geographic dispersion
- c) Major pending projects in progress
- d) All of these
- (ii) Identify the type of audit evidence which the auditor should consider using in IT audit.
 - a) Observed process and existence of physical items
- b) Documentary audit evidence excluding electronic records
- c) Analysis excluding IT enabled analysis
- d) None of these
- (iii) Which of the following type of questions need to be included in the questionnaire(s)? Select the correct one.
 - a) Ambiguous questions

- b) Leading questionsd) Specific questions
- c) Presumptuous questions
- (iv) Who is the father of Internal Audit?
 - a) Lawrence Philips
 - c) Antonio Bullock

- b) Lawrence Sawyerd) Antonio Sawyer
- (v) What is the full form of CBOK?
 - a) Common Bonding of Knowledge
- b) Common Body of Knowledge
- c) Common Binding of Knowledge
- d) None of these
- (vi) According to IIA ______is an independent, objective assurance and consulting activity designed to add value and improve an organization's operations. Choose the correct option.
 - a) Internal auditing

b) External auditing

c) Financial auditing

- d) None of these
- (vii) The ISACA CRISC certification encourages continuous professional development and cutting-edge thinking on ______. Identify the correct option.

	a) Administrative management	b) risk management		
	c) Asset management	d) None of these		
(viii) Discover which one is a COBIT domain.				
(*,		b) Acquire and Implement		
	a) Plan and Write	d) None of these		
<i>(</i> : \	c) Evaluate and Fix			
(ix) An NIST risk assessment allows you to evaluate relevant to your				
	organization. Choose the correct otion.	1.) Delision		
	a) Controls	b) Policies		
	c) Threats	d) None of these		
(x)	is a security standard developed fo	r cloud service providers and users.		
	Choose the correct one.			
	a) ISO/IEC 27017	b) ISO/IEC 28017		
	A) ISO/IEC 17017	d) None of these		
(xi)	vi). Soloet the audit reviews about the technologies that the business currently has and			
that it needs to be added. Technologies are characterized as being either "base", "				
"pacing" or "emerging".				
	a) Systems and Applications Audit	b) Technological position audit		
		d) Management of IT and Enterprise		
	c) Systems Development Audit	Architecture Audit		
(xii) Select an audit to verify that systems and applications are appropriate, are efficient, and are adequately controlled to ensure valid, reliable, timely, and secure input, processing, and output at all levels of a system's activity.				
	a) Systems and Applications Audit	b) Technological position auditd) Management of IT and Enterprise		
	c) Systems Development Audit	Architecture Audit		
(xiii) Analyze which is not the purpose of Risk Analysis.				
(,,,,,,		b) Assists the Auditor in determining Au	ıdit	
	a) It supports risk based audit decisions	objectives		
	c)	d) Assists the Auditor in identifying risks	s and	
	c) Ensures absolute safety during the Audit	threats		
(xiv) Consider the following statement and decide the correct one related IT audit.				
	a) In inherent rick there is an assumption that	b) In control risk errors will not be preve	ented	
	In innerent risk there is an assumption that	or detected and corrected by the inte	ernal	
	there are related internal controls	control system		
	c) The control risk associated with	d)		
	computerised data validation procedures is	None of these		
ordinarily high				
(xv) Assess that with the help of tools, IT auditor can plan for 100% substantive				
	testing.			
	a) CAATs tools	b) CMM (Software)		
	c) COBIT	d) None of these		
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	Group	p-B		
	(Short Answer Ty	•	3 x 5=15	
		,		
2 11	ustrate about IT audit charter.		(3)	
3. Describe any 3 functions of the Auditor.			(3)	
4. Define shortly what is the need of Audit.			(3)	
			(3)	
			(3)	
OR				
E	Explain how Audit schedule is generated. (3)			
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Group-C 5 x 6=30 (Long Answer Type Questions) 7. Describe about CBOK in details. (5) 8. Illustrate about IIA and its ethics and code of practice. (5) 9. Write about ISACA and discover its ethics and code of practice. (5) 10. Evaluate the next steps after planning in the IT audit. (5) 11. Illustrate about Internal, External and Compliance audit. (5) 12. Compare between COBIT5 and COBIT19. (5) OR (5) Discover about the COBIT domains.