



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2023-2024 Programme – DMLT-2022 Course Name – Clinical Biochemistry Course Code - DMLT404 (Semester IV)

Full Marks: 60 Time: 2:30 Hours
[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their

own words as far as practicable.] Group-A (Multiple Choice Type Question) 1 x 15=15 Choose the correct alternative from the following: (i) Excess fecal fat termed as _____. Choose the correct option. a) Steatorrhea b) Hypercholesterolemia c) Hyperglycemia d) Hirschsprung (ii) Which of the following is NOT a common symptom of osteoarthritis? a) Joint stiffness b) Joint swelling c) Joint hypermobility d) Joint pain (iii) Select Rheumatoid arthritis primarily affects which type of joint? a) Synovial joints b) Cartilaginous joints c) Fibrous joints d) Amphiarthrotic joints (iv) Which of the following is NOT a risk factor for developing cardiovascular diseases? a) High blood pressure b) Regular exercise c) Smoking d) High cholesterol levels (v) For which disease condition faecal fat test is done? a) diagnostic test for carbohydrate b) diagnostic test for protein malabsorption conditions malabsorption conditions c) diagnostic test for fat d) diagnostic test for nutrients malabsorption conditions malabsorption conditions (vi) Which of the following is the screening test for the diagnosis of thyroid disease? a) Thyroid Stimulating hormone b) Total T3 c) Total T4 d) Free T3 (vii) TSH secreted by a) Posterior pituitary b) Anterior pituitary c) Thyroid gland d) Hypothalamus (viii) Which of the following is correct form of t3?

b) trithironine

d) tetraidthironine

a) triiodothironine

c) tetrathironine

(ix)	Which of the following is a tool used to quantify	the relationship between two	
	variables? a) Scatter diagram	b) Control chart d) Cause-and-effect diagram	
(x)	c) Pareto chart L-J chart (Levey—Jennings chart) is used for monitoring		
(-,	a) Accuracy	b) Precisiond) Both accuracy and precision	
(xi)	c) Sensitivity Analytical errors happens		
	a) after the test is donec) before the test is performed	b) when tests are performedd) at the time of sample collection	
(xii)	Normal distribution is also known as	. Select the correct option. b) frequency distribution	
	a) gaussian distributionc) kurtosis distribution	d) mean distribution	
(xiii	Data is simply the numerical result of any scien option.		
	a) Measurement c) research	b) observationd) Analysis	
(xiv	Errors in Pipetting are considered as S	elect the correct option.	
	a) Pre Analytical error c) Analytical Error	b) Post Analytical errord) None of these	
(xv	c) Analytical Error In an experiment, it is found that the experime hence the experimental value can be called	Select the correct option.	
	a) Accurate c) Suitable	b) Precise d) Mean	
		ир-В	n F. 4F
	(Short Answer	Type Questions)	3 x 5=15
 Name 3 cardiac enzymes and write their functions. Write down the importance of AST or SGOT in cardiac disease. 			(3) (3) (3)
4. Discuss the roles of thyroxine hormone in thyroid function tests.5. Justify the importance of Lambert Beer law in autoanalyzer.			(3)
6. Calculate the mean of the following bodyweight scores (kg) in a sample of humans. 66, 50, 56, 63, 68, 60, 60, 68, 72, 66, 68, 63, 60, 66, 75, 56, 72, 63. OR			(3)
	Compute the mean of the following interorbital $12.8, 11.7, 12.3, 10.8, 12.5, 11.4, 12.5, 10.9, 11.6$	width scores (mm) of a sample of pigeons. 5, 11.7.	(3)
	Gro	oup-C	
	(Long Answer	Type Questions)	5 x 6=30
7.	What are the risk factors that influence Rheum	atoid arthritis?	(5)
8. 9.	Describe the procedure for faecal fat test. Apply your knowledge and show the correlatio and hyperthyroidism.	n between TSH and T3, T4 in hypothyroidi	(5) sm (5)
10	D. Calculate the mean for the wing lengths (mm) 4.6, 4.4, 3.7, 4.2, 4.1, 4.8, 5.3, 4.9, 4.6, 3.8, 4.0	, 5.3, 5.7, 5.5, 3.9, 4.5, 3.8, 4.5, 5.0, 4.9, 4.	
		, 3.9, 3.8, 4.8, 4.9.	
1:	3.5, 4.3, 5.1, 3.9, 4.7, 5.6, 4.6, 4.4, 3.4, 5.1, 4.6. Illustrate the importance of thyroid hormone i		(5)
		n the body.	(5) (5)