

BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2018 - 19

Programme – Bachelor of Business Administration

Course Name - Advanced Financial Accounting

Course Code - BBA203 / BBAC203

(Semester - 2)

Time allotted: 3 Hours Full Marks: 70

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group -A

(Multiple Choice Type Question) $10 \times 1 = 10$ 1. Choose the correct alternative from the following Who can charge depreciation on assets purchased under hire purchase scheme (i) b. Hire vendor a. Hire purchaser c. Hire purchaser only after transfer d. Both hire purchaser and hire vendor of ownership (ii) Which Indian Accounting Standard deals with the disclosure of significant accounting

- policies followed in preparing and presenting financial statements.
 - a. AS 1

b. AS 2

c. AS 6

- d. AS 10
- (iii) The dividend received from investment by a company comes under cash flow from
 - a. operating activity

b. financing activity

c. investment activity

- d. none of the above
- (iv) The ownership of the goods is transferred with last installment as per
 - a. hire purchase method

b. installment method

c. normal purchase method

d. none

(v)	fire a			akhs only and the loss incurred due to mitted by the insurer will be as per
	a.	Rs. 135000	b.	Rs. 200000
	c.	Rs. 250000	d.	None
(vi)	Accou	nting in India is governed by the		
	a.	Company Law Board	b.	Institute of Chartered Accountants of India
	c.	Income Tax Department	d.	Reserve Bank of India
(vii)	Which of the following is not a characteristic of inventory			
	a.	Held for sale in the ordinary course of business	b.	In the process of production for such sale
	c.	in the form of materials or supplies to be consumed in the production process or in the rendering of services	d.	All of these
(viii) The stock/inventory is valued at				
	a.	Cost price or net realizable value whichever is less	b.	Cost price or net realizable value whichever is high
	c.	Cost price or market value whichever is less	d.	None
(ix)	The ad	lvantages of hire purchase -		
	a.	Tax shield on depreciation	b.	Tax shield on interest paid on hire purchase
	c.	Both (a) and (b)	d.	None
(x)	Which	of the following is a contract of sale		
	a.	Installment purchase	b.	Hire purchase
	c.	Both	d.	None
		Group –	В	
(Short Answer Type Questions) 3 x 5				

Answer any three from the following

2. Define total loss and partial loss with appropriate example?

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3.	From the following information presented by P Ltd. ascertain the value of stock to be included in Balance Sheet: Cost Price of certain stock amounted to Rs. 60,000; being obsolete, it can	5
	be used for production purposes after incurring Rs. 10,000 for modification. The same could be used as a by-product for an existing product, the purchase price for the same amounts to Rs. 40,000.	
4.	State the difference between cash flow and profit and loss account?	5
5.	Mention few areas in which different accounting policies are followed by companies.	5
6.	State the power of hire purchaser?	5
	Group – C	
	(Long Answer Type Questions) $3 \times 15 = 45$	j
Ans	wer any <i>three</i> from the following	
7.	On 01.01.2018 Globe Press Ltd. purchased a printing machine on the hire purchase system from Modern Machinery Co. The payment was to be made at ₹30,000 down and the balance in three equal annual installments of ₹20,000 each. Payable on 31 st December each year. The vendor company charged interest @8% p.a. Globe Press provided depreciation @10% p.a. on the diminishing balances and paid all the installments. It closed its books on 31 st December every year. The cash down value of machine was ₹81,543. Construct (a) Modern Machinery Co.'s Account	10
	(b) Printing Machine Account	5
8.	 (a) From the following information you are required to work out the claim under the "Loss of Profit" insurance policy – i) Cover – Gross Profit ₹1,00,000 ii) Indemnity period – 06 months iii) Damage – due to a fire accident on 28th December. Accounting year ends on 31st December. iv) Net Profit plus all standing charges in the prior accounting year - ₹1,30,000. v) Standing charges uninsured - ₹25,000 vi) Turnover of the last accounting year was ₹5,00,000 the rate of gross profit being 25% 	15
	vii) the annual turnover immediately preceding the fire - ₹5,20,000 viii) As a consequences of fire there was a reduction in certain insured standing charges at the rate of ₹25,000 per annum ix) The standard turnover was ₹2,60,000 x) Increased cost of working during the period of indemnity were ₹20,000	

xi) Turnover during the period of indemnity was ₹1,00,000 and out of this,

turnover of ₹80,000 was maintained due to increased cost of working.

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9. From the following particulars relating to Patiala Branch for the year ending on 31.12.2018 prepare Branch Account in the books of HO and show how the relevant items will appear in the HO Balance Sheet as on that date –

Particulars	₹	Particulars	₹
Balances as on		Cash paid by Debtors	20,000
01.01.2018	direct to HO		
Stock	40,000 Discount Allowed		1,100
Debtors	14,000	Cash sent to Branch	
Petty Cash	1,500	for Expenses:	
Furniture	12,000	Rent	12,000
Prepaid Fire	1,150	Salaries	5,400
insurance		Petty Cash	4,000
Outstanding	2,100	Insurance (from	1,600
Salaries		01.04.2018 to	
Goods sent to	2,80,000	31.03.2019)	
branch		Goods returned by	4,000
Cash Sales	3,30,000	branch	
Credit Sales	1,83,000	Goods returned by	7,000
Cash received from	1,35,000	Debtors	
Debtors		Stock on 31.12.2018	38,000
		Petty expenses paid by	2,850
		the branch	
		Provide Depreciation	
		on Furniture @10%	
		p.a.	
		Loss on stock by fire	4,800

10. (a) The company deals in three products A, B and C which are neither similar nor interchangeable. At the time of closing of its account for the year 2012-13, the historical cost and net realizable value of the items of closing stock are determined as:

Items	Historical cost (Rs. In lakhs)	Net Realizable Value (Rs. In lakhs)
A	40	28
В	32	32
C	16	24

What will be the value of closing stock?

- (b) Z Co. Ltd. purchased goods at the cost of Rs. 40 Lakhs in Oct. 2012, Till March 2013, 75% of the stocks were sold. The company wants to disclose closing stock at Rs. 10 lakhs. The expected sales value is Rs. 11 lakhs and a commission at 10% on sale is payable to the agent. Advise: What is the correct closing stock to be disclosed as at 31.3.2013?
- (c) State the use of accounting standard?
- 11. (a) State the process of computation of claim for loss of stock?
 - (b) Explain the provisions for valuation of fixed assets in special cases as AS 10.
 - (c) Discuss the different components of historical cost of a fixed assets as per AS 5 10.
