N.A





BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2023
Programme – B.Optometry-2022
Course Name – Ocular Biochemistry
Course Code - BOPTOC203
(Semester II)

Full Marks: 60 Time: 2:30 Hours

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 15=15

1. Choose the correct alternative from the following:

(i)	Cite the end product in protein metabolism-		
	a) Ammonia	b) Urea	
	c) Uric Acid	d) Nitrogen	
(ii)	Cite the name of antibody found in tear film		
	a) IgG	b) IgD	
	c) IgA	d) IgE	
(iii)	Retina is composed of a group of cells named as-		
	a) Epithelial cells and endothelial cells	b) Rod and cone cells	
	c) Mesenchymal cells	d) Mesenchymal and endothelial cells	
(iv)	Give an example of a solution made of solid in solid is-		
	a) Fog	b) Smoke	
	c) Bronze	d) Air	
(v)	Identify which one is not colloid		
	a) Milk	b) Mud	
	c) Butter		
(vi)	When the eye is exposed to light, the 11-cis-retin	al component of rhodopsin is converted 💨 👢	
	to-		
		b) All trans retinal	
12.5	c) Photopsin and iodopsin	d) photopsin	
(vii)	Identify which is not a function of insulin		
	a) Decreasing glycogenolysis	b) Lipogenesis	
	c) Gluconeogenesis	d) Glycogenesis	

(viii)	Explain the term electrophoresis-		
	a) movement of particles from higher concentration to lower concentration	b) movement of charged particles througe electrolyte when subjected to an electric field.	gh an tric
	c) movement of particles from lower concentration to higher concentration	d) movement of particles by diffusion	
(ix)	Chromatography is a physical method applied to s	separate and analyse-	
	a) Simple mixtures	b) complex mixtures	
	c) Viscous mixtures	d) Metals	
(x)	Write the name of the final product in glycolysis-		
	a) Malate	b) Pyruvate	
	c) Lactate	d) Both 2 and 3	
(xi)	In an experimental set up DNA sample is placed in towards-	n gel-electrphoresis.DNA will migrate	
	a) positive electrode	b) negative electrode	
	c) anode or cathode	d) electrode	
(xii)	Write the name of steroid hormones-		
	a) TSH and FSH	b) Testosterone and progesterone	
	c) LH	d) hexokinase	
(xiii)	Beer Lambert's law gives the relation between-		
	a) Reflected radiation and concentration	b) Scattered radiation and concentration	
(xiv)	c) Energy absorption and concentration Select the correct statement-	d) Energy absorption and reflected radiate	tion
	a) Peptide hormone binds with cell surface receptor	b) Steroid hormone binds with intra cellureceptor	ılar
	c) Both 1 and 2	d) peptide hormone works independentl	у
(xv)	SDS applied for western blotting is an-		
	a) anionic agent	b) cationic agent	
	c) non-ionic agent	d) anion exchanger	
	Group	о-В	
	(Short Answer Ty	ma Ourant's N	3 x 5=15
		,	2 X 2-12
2. Te	II the difference between hypoglycemia and hyper	glycemia	(2)
	efine secondary messenger with examples	8,7-5	(3)
4. De	escribe the biochemistry of stroma in cornea of hu	man eye	(3)
5. Ex	plain the action of acidic buffer with example	•	(3)
6. Ca su	lculate what is the molarity of a sulphuric acid solution lphuric acid by mass	u on of density 1.20g/cm³ containing 50%	(3) (3)
	OR		
Ca Ch	lculate the pH of a buffer solu on containing 0.1 m $_{ m I_3}$ COONa.The ioniza on constant for CH $_{ m 3}$ COOH is 1	noles of ace c acid and 0.15 mole of .75X10 ⁻⁵	(3)
	Group	o-C	
	(Long Answer Ty	no Ougetiens)	5 x 6=30
7 -	Venlain Diahatia langgar 100 1 at 200		
	xplain Diabetic lens and Diabetic Retina.		(5)
o, 3	. Summarize the diagrammatic representation of TCA cycle		

9.	Calculate the molarity of the solution which contains 32.0 g of methyl alcohol (CH3OH) in 200	(5)
	mL solution	
10.	Explain the photo transduction pathway	(5)
11.	Illustrate the principle of colorimetry	(5)
12.	Total bilirubin of a patient is 2.3 mg/dl. Interpret the result with clinical diagnosis	(5)
	OR	
	Plasma glucose level of a patient is shown below-Fasting blood glucose - 145 mg/dl,Post	(5)
	prandial blood glucose 190 mg/dl. Correlate the result with respect to clinical diagnosis	
