



## BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

## Term End Examination 2023-2024 Programme - B.Pharm-2020/B.Pharm-2021 Course Name - Pharmaceutical Biotechnology Theory Course Code - BP605T (Semester VI)

Full Marks: 75 Time: 3:0 Hours

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.]

## Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 20=20

- Choose the correct alternative from the following:
  - (i) Identify the person who is know as the father of biotechnology.
    - a) Louis Pasteur
    - c) Karl Erkey

- b) Robert koch
- d) Robert Brow
- (ii) Name the genetic technique which is used in forensic science.
  - a) Genetic fingerprinting
  - c) Hybridoma technology

- b) In vivo culture
- d) Gene transfer
- (iii) Identify which of the following is not a physical method of immobilization.
  - a) Adsorption
  - c) lonic bonding

- b) Entrapment
- d) None of these
- (iv) Recall the exact characteristic of a calorimeter biosensor.
  - a) Detects the change in light adsorption
  - c) Detects the movement of electron between electrodes
- b) Detects the photon out for luminescent
- d) Detects the angle at which Electrons are emitted
- (v) Identify the characteristic of an electrochemical biosensor among the following.
  - a) Detects the change in light adsorption
  - c) Detects the movement of electron between
  - electrodes
- b) Detects the photon out for luminescent
- d) Detects the angle at which Electrons are emitted
- (vi) Select the type of hypersensitivity reaction which occurs via IgE reaction.
  - a) Type IV hypersensitivity reactions
- b) Type III hypersensitivity reactions
- c) Type II hypersensitivity reactions
- d) Type I hypersensitivity reactions
- (vii) Recognize the disease which is not an example of type III hypersensitivity reaction?
  - a) Systemic lupus erythamatous
- b) Rheumatoid arthritis

c) Good pasteurs syndrome

- d) Down syndrome
- (viii) Write the pH required for the production of penicillin
  - a) 8

b) 7.5

c) 6.5

d) 5

(ix) Explain the process of penicillin storage		
a) Filtration c) Distillation	b) Crystallization d) Sublimation	
(x) Choose the correct precursor of penicillin amo	ing the following options	
a) Benzylpenicillin	b) Isopenicillin N	
c) Phenylacetic acid (xi) Write the basic function of fermenter.	d) L-α aminoadipic acid	
a) To sterilize the medium	b) To recover the product	
c) To provide optimum growth conditions to organisms and obtain the desired product	d) To purify the product	
(xii) Write the name material which is preferred for fermenter	r the construction of small-scale	
a) Quartz	b) Glass	
c) Iron steel	d) Wood	
(xiii) While constructing the fermenter, choose the is not required.	correct option from the following which	
a) High-speed Agitation and Aeration system	b) Temperature control system	
c) pH control system	d) Sample facilities	
(xiv) Identify the correct option : Bacteriophage lar	nbda is a major cloning vector.	
a) True	b) False	
c) Both	d) None	
(xv) Identify which portion of the antibody structu		
a) Lower region	b) Upper region	
c) In between the chains	d) Middle region	
(xvi) Predict the types of antibodies that are present		
a) 2	b) 4	
c) 5	d) 6	
(xvii) Select the cell which is responsible for mediat		
a) B cells	b) T cells	
c) Both a and b	d) Epithelial cells	
(xviii) Select the pathogen Pasteur developed the va		
a) Rabies	b) Anthrax d) All of these	
c) Chicken cholera (xix) Identify the serum hepatitis among the follow	to make and the makes an account.	
- W 1971 27		
a) HAV	b) H3V d) HIV	
c) HCV (xx) indicate the immunity in which lymphocytes in microorganisms	1228 12 17 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
a) Phagocytosis	b) Cell mediated immunity	
c) Tissue grafting	d) Humoral immunity	
Gro	ир-В	
	Type Questions)	5 x 7=35
2. Define hypersensitivity reaction along with examples and treatment regimen.		(5)
3. Discuss about fermentation and it's applications.		(5) (5)
4. Describe ELISA along with diagram of any one of	ELISA.	(2)

<ol><li>Discuss briefly about the method of screening of monoclonal antibodies in hybridoma technology.</li></ol>	(5)	
<ol> <li>Explain in detail the different method for culturing the microorganisms and their applications in pharmaceutical biotechnology.</li> </ol>	(5)	
7. Explain batch culture in fermentation technique.	(5)	
OR		
Explain Fed-Batch culture.	(5)	
8. Explain the steps involve in amylase production.	(5)	
OR	(5)	
Explain the role of agitator in fermentation process.	(5)	
Group-C		
(Long Answer Type Questions)	10 x 2=20	
9. Describe about production, purification and applications of hybridoma technology.	(10)	
10. Explain different types of microbial biotransformation reaction with examples.  OR	(10)	
Explain production of citric acid by fermentation technology with a neat labelled flow chart.	(10)	

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