



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2021 - 22

Programme – Bachelor of Technology in Computer Science & Engineering

Course Name – Human Values and Professional Ethics

Course Code - HSMC(CSE)202

(Semester II)

Time allotted : 1 Hrs.15 Min.

Full Marks : 60

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 60=60

Choose the correct alternative from the following :

- (1) Unable to understand others lead to

a) Information	b) Money
c) Unhappiness	d) None of these
- (2) The three basic requirements to ensure happiness and prosperity for human beings are

a) Right Understanding	b) Relationships
c) Physical Facilities	d) All of these
- (3) Happy situations comprise of feelings comes from

a) Trust	b) Respect
c) Confidence	d) All of these
- (4) Physical facilities for humans

a) Is necessary but not complete	b) Is necessary and complete
c) Social	d) Physiological
- (5) Value education can develop within a person

a) Character	b) Moral development
c) Social development	d) All of these
- (6) Core human values are

a) Love	b) Peace
c) Truth	d) All of these
- (7) Feelings like failure, disrespect, lack of confidence, doubt etc. lack the element of harmony and hence make us

a) Happy	b) Unhappy
c) Logical	d) Illogical
- (8) Good relationship consisted of

a) Organizing	b) Good understanding
c) Division of work	d) Planning
- (9) The Human Being is the composition of

- a) Flesh
c) Bones
- b) Self(I) Jivana and the Body
d) Nerves and the Muscles
- (10) The word “Selecting” denotes
a) (Chitrana / Chitran)
c) (Chayana / Asvadana)
- b) (Vishleshana)
d) None of these
- (11) Fulfilling is called
a) Nirbahakarana
c) Garhasta
- b) Pahachanana
d) Mahaprasthanana
- (12) The term ‘value’ is derived from the French word
- a) Valoir
c) Velois
- b) Valas
d) None of these
- (13) _____, prosperity and co-existence are fundamental human value for comprehensive human value.
a) Fearlessness
c) Generosity
- b) Happiness
d) Love
- (14) A set of principles and expectations that are considered binding on any person who is member of a particular group is known as
a) Code of ethics
c) Ethics
- b) Values
d) None of these
- (15) Atmospheric issues include all of the following except:
a) acid rain
c) air pollution
- b) global warming
d) water quantity
- (16) Human nature is
- a) Learned
c) Inherited
- b) Programmed
d) All of these
- (17)developed the “Need Hierarchy Theory” to explain human behaviour within an organization.
a) A.H.Maslow
c) Herzberg
- b) Douglas Mc. Gregor
d) Rensis Likert
- (18) The word ‘moral’ is derived from the Latin word
- a) Moralis
c) Monatic
- b) Morilitic
d) None of these
- (19) Bhopal Gas Tragedy reminds us
a) Of fallacy of technological development
c) Of man-machine relationship
- b) Of Industry’s unethical move
d) Of unethical engineering
- (20) Technology as such does not
a) Upgrade new knowledge
c) Create new knowledge
- b) Apply new knowledge
d) Require new knowledge
- (21) According to Kant’s approach to moral philosophy, ethics is based on
a) the consequences of one’s action.
c) a social contract
- b) sympathy
d) practical reason
- (22) Which of the following terms refers to the ideals, beliefs, norms, and ethos that arouse an emotional response for or against them in a given community?
a) Personal ethics
c) Organizational ethics
- b) Ethical climate
d) Community Values
- (23) Which Fundamental Right aims at the abolition of social distinctions?
a) Right to equality
c) Right against exploitation
- b) Right to property
d) Right to freedom

- a) Everything we do
b) Something we do
c) Nothing we do
d) None of these
- (39) Power can be attributed as
a) Communication flows from superiors to subordinates
b) the basic capacity in the Self "I" groups
c) Communication flows between peers
d) None of these
- (40) The word "Imaging" denotes
a) (Chitrana / Chitran)
b) (Vishleshana)
c) (Chayana / Asvadana)
d) None of these
- (41) The word "Selecting" denotes
a) (Chitrana / Chitran)
b) (Vishleshana)
c) (Chayana / Asvadana)
d) None of these
- (42) Co-existence of both the Self (I/ Jivana) and the Body, implies
a) Both are separate from one another
b) An exchange of information between the two
c) Both are different organs
d) None of these
- (43) Human needs are fulfilled by
a) Social science
b) Non-cooperation
c) Mutual disturbance
d) Right understanding and right feeling between each other.
- (44) In "I", the activities take place in the following order:
a) Knowing, Assuming
b) Recognizing, Fulfilling
c) Both (a) and (b)
d) Neither (a) and (b)
- (45) 'Assuming' leads to
a) Knowing,
b) An idea by guessing
c) Recognizing
d) Fulfilling
- (46) 'Suvidha' implies
a) Physical facilities of the body
b) Mental facility
c) Ethics
d) None of these
- (47) Indian life has fundamental goals.
a) Three
b) Five
c) Four
d) Two
- (48) Harmony in the family leads to harmony in the _____.
a) Society
b) Business
c) Schools
d) Courts
- (49) To establish Universal Human Order, the starting point has to be _____.
a) Individual
b) Joint Family
c) Business Organization.
d) None of these
- (50) _____ is the human value which is all-encompassing.
a) Love
b) Anger
c) Jealousy
d) Happiness
- (51) Ethics in compliance means..... not cause harm ;
a) It is about obeying and adhering
b) It deals with the moral principles behind the operation and regulation of marketing
c) It deals with the duties of a company to ensure that products and production processes do
d) None of these
- (52) Which of the following is not a 'code of conduct'?
a) Code of ethics
b) Code of practices
c) Code of behavior
d) Code of management

- (53) A set of principles and expectations that are considered binding on any person who is member of a particular group is known as -
- a) Code of ethics
b) Values
c) Ethics
d) None of these
- (54) Ethical and unethical behaviors are determined by
- a) The individual
b) The culture
c) Both the individual and the culture
d) Neither the individual nor the culture
- (55) Making decisions on the basis of experience, feelings and accumulated judgement is called as _____.
- a) Decision making
b) Structured problems
c) Intuitive decision making
d) None of these
- (56) Food, space, disease, natural disasters, climate, competition and predation are examples of what?
- a) Capacity factors
b) Limiting factors.
c) Predation factors
d) Sustainable factors
- (57) Which of the following is an example of a value?
- a) Justice
b) Happiness
c) Security
d) All of the answers are correct.
- (58) Authority and responsibility areto each other
- a) Supplementary
b) Complementary
c) Contradictory
d) None
- (59) is the activity of influencing people to strive willingly for group of objectives.
- a) Motivation
b) Leadership
c) Communication
d) None of these
- (60) Holism means
- a) Oneness
b) Divinity
c) Materiality
d) All of these