



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2021 - 22

Programme – Bachelor of Law

Course Name – Constitutional Law of India II

Course Code - LLB202

(Semester II)

Time allotted : 1 Hrs.15 Min.

Full Marks : 60

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 60=60

Choose the correct alternative from the following :

- (1) The President of India addresses his resignation letter to the:

a) Chief Justice of India	b) Speaker
c) Vice-President	d) Prime Minister
- (2) Who administers the oath of office to the President?

a) Chief Justice of India	b) Speaker of Lok Sabha
c) Prime Minister	d) Vice-President
- (3) Who among the following holds office during the pleasure of the President ?

a) Governor	b) Election Commissioner
c) Speaker of Lok Sabha	d) Prime Minister
- (4) Who appoints the Prime Minister of India ?

a) Lok Sabha	b) President
c) Parliament	d) Citizens of India
- (5) The first woman Governor of a state in free India was

a) Mrs. Indira Gandhi	b) Mrs. Vijaya Laxmi Pandit
c) Mrs. Sarojini Naidu	d) Mrs. Sucheta Kripalani
- (6) The charge of impeachment against the President of India for his removal can be preferred by

a) Both Houses of Parliament	b) Speaker of Lok Sabha and Chairman of Rajya Sabha
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- c) Rajya Sabha
d) Lok Sabha
- (7) Which of the following is not reserved by the Governor for the consideration of the President?
- a) Bills affecting powers of the High Court
b) Bills relating to compulsory acquisition of property
c) Bills seeking to impose restrictions on the inter-state trade
d) Bills relating to imposition of taxes on agricultural income
- (8) Who can initiate impeachment proceedings against the President of India ?
- a) Either House of Parliament
b) Any Vidhan Sabha
c) Only Lok Sabha
d) Rajya Sabha
- (9) What is the minimum age for appointment as a Governor ?
- a) 35 years
b) 40 years
c) 25 years
d) 30 years
- (10) The President's Rule in a State can be continued for a maximum period of
- a) 2 years
b) 1 year
c) 5 months
d) 6 months
- (11) Who appoints the Chairman of the UPSC?
- a) President
b) Speaker of Lok Sabha
c) Chief Justice of India
d) Prime Minister
- (12) Who is the ex- officio Chairman of the Council of States?
- a) Vice- President
b) Leader of the opposition
c) President
d) Speaker
- (13) The Power of the Supreme Court of India to decide disputes between the Centre and the State falls under its:
- a) Advisory Jurisdiction
b) Appellate jurisdiction
c) Original jurisdiction
d) Constitutional Jurisdiction
- (14) District Judges in a state are appointed by:
- a) Governor
b) Chief Justice of High Court
c) Council of Ministers of State
d) Advocate General of the State
- (15) The terms not included in the Preamble through 42nd Amendment are
- a) Socialist
b) Secular
c) Integrity
d) Cabinet
- (16) A Judge of the Supreme Court of India is to hold office until he attains the age of
- a) 58 Years
b) 65 Years
c) 62 Years
d) 60 Years
- (17) The High Courts at Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, were established under the Indian High Courts Act of
- a) 1909
b) 1911
c) 1861
d) 1865
- (18) Salaries of the Judges of the Supreme Court are drawn from the

- a) Grants-in-aid
c) Contingency Fund
- b) Public Accounts
d) Consolidated Fund
- (19) Which is the highest and final judicial tribunal in respect of the Constitution of India?
a) President
c) Supreme Court
- b) Union Cabinet
d) Parliament
- (20) A common High Court for two or more states and Union Territory may be established by
a) Parliament by Law
c) President
- b) Chief Justice of India
d) Governor of the state
- (21) The concept of the Judicial review has been borrowed from the Constitution of
a) U.K.
c) U.S.A
- b) Switzerland
d) U.S.S.R.
- (22) Chief Minister of a State is responsible to
a) Prime Minister
c) Legislative Assembly
- b) Rajya Sabha
d) Governor
- (23) The Ministers are individually responsible to:
a) The President
c) The Prime Minister
- b) The House of People
d) The House of which they are members
- (24) Election to the house of the people and the Legislative Assemblies of States in India are conducted on the basis of
a) Single Transferable vote
c) Limited suffrage
- b) Proportional Representation
d) Adult Franchise
- (25) Which of the following subjects comes under the Concurrent List:
a) Citizenship
c) Trade Union
- b) Inter-state rivers
d) Local Government
- (26) Which of the following is not involved in the preparation of the budget?
a) Finance Ministry
c) Comptroller and Auditor General
- b) Planning Commission
d) Finance Commission
- (27) Which article of the Indian Constitution deals with National Emergency?
a) Article 352
c) Article 360
- b) Article 356
d) Article 368
- (28) Which Constitutional amendment reduced the voting age from 21 to 18?
a) 61st
c) 71st
- b) 65th
d) 21st
- (29) Which article of the Indian Constitution deals with constitutional Amendments?
a) Article 332
c) Article 368
- b) Article 386
d) None of these
- (30) Which constitutional amendment is related to the Telangana region?
a) 32nd Amendment Act 1973
c) 7th Amendment Act 1956
- b) 98th Amendment Act 2013
d) 100th Amendment Act 2015
- (31) In case a President dies while in office, the vice President can act as President for a maximum

um period of

- a) 1 years
- b) 3 months
- c) 6 months
- d) 2 years

(32) For what period does the Vice President of India hold office ?

- a) Till the age of 65 years
- b) 5 years
- c) 6 years
- d) 2 years

(33) Which of the following appointments is not made by the President of India ?

- a) Chief of the Army
- b) Speaker of the Lok Sabha
- c) Chief Justice of India
- d) All of these.

(34) Minimum age required to contest for Presidentship is

- a) 23 years
- b) 21 years
- c) 35 years
- d) 30 years

(35) Which article of the Indian Constitution says that there shall be a President of India?

- a) 61
- b) 52
- c) 62
- d) 74

(36) Who among the following is a legal advisor of the State Government as provided by the Constitution?

- a) Public Prosecutor
- b) Solicitor General
- c) Advocate General
- d) Attorney General

(37) Who acts as the Chancellor of State Universities?

- a) Governor
- b) Chief Minister
- c) Chief Justice of High Court
- d) President

(38) The entry 'Public Health and Sanitation' is included in the Constitution of India in:

- a) Union List
- b) State List
- c) Concurrent List
- d) None of these

(39) The Programme Evaluation Organization is an integral part of the

- a) National Development Council
- b) Central Secretariat
- c) Department of Public Enterprises
- d) Planning Commission

(40) The President nominates 12 members of the Rajya Sabha according to

- a) Their performance as office bearers of cultural societies
- b) The recommendations made by the Vice President.
- c) Their role played in political set up of the country.
- d) Their distinction in the field of science, art, literature and social service.

(41) Under which of these articles, Chairman and members of UPSC can be removed from their post?

- a) Article 315
- b) Article 317
- c) Article 320
- d) Article 322

(42) When the Vice President officiates as President he draws the salary of

- a) Chairman of Rajya Sabha
- b) President
- c) Both (A) and (B)
- d) Member of Parliament

or not less than 10 years

- c) Must have attained the age of 55 years

inguished jurist

- d) Must have been a High Court Judge for at least 5 years

(54) What is meant by a Court of Record?

- a) The court that maintains records of all lower courts.
b) The court that is competent to give directions and issue writs.
c) The court that can punish for its contempt.
d) The court that preserves all its records

(55) Judges of the High Court are appointed by the

- a) Chief Justice of the High Court
b) President
c) Chief Justice of India
d) Governor

(56) The age of retirement of the Judges of the High Court is

- a) 62 years
b) 60 years
c) 65 years
d) 58 years

(57) Separation of the Judiciary from the Executive is enjoined by

- a) VII Schedule to the Constitution
b) Judicial decision
c) Directive Principles
d) Preamble

(58) The Chief Justice and other Judges of the High Court are appointed by the

- a) Chief Justice of the Supreme Court
b) Chief Minister of the concerned state
c) Governor of the concerned state
d) President

(59) Appointment of officers and servants of a High Court are made by the

- a) Chief Justice of the High Court
b) President
c) Governor
d) None of these

(60) The Judges of the Supreme Court can be removed from office by the

- a) Chief Justice of India
b) President
c) President on request of Parliament
d) Prime Minister