



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2021 - 22

Programme – Bachelor of Law

Course Name – Constitutional Law of India II

Course Code - LLB202

(Semester II)

Time allotted : 1 Hrs.15 Min.

Full Marks : 60

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 60=60

Choose the correct alternative from the following :

- (1) The President of India addresses his resignation letter to the:

a) Chief Justice of India	b) Speaker
c) Vice-President	d) Prime Minister
- (2) Who administers the oath of office to the President?

a) Chief Justice of India	b) Speaker of Lok Sabha
c) Prime Minister	d) Vice-President
- (3) Who among the following holds office during the pleasure of the President ?

a) Governor	b) Election Commissioner
c) Speaker of Lok Sabha	d) Prime Minister
- (4) Who appoints the Prime Minister of India ?

a) Lok Sabha	b) President
c) Parliament	d) Citizens of India
- (5) The first woman Governor of a state in free India was

a) Mrs. Indira Gandhi	b) Mrs. Vijaya Laxmi Pandit
c) Mrs. Sarojini Naidu	d) Mrs. Sucheta Kripalani
- (6) The charge of impeachment against the President of India for his removal can be preferred by

a) Both Houses of Parliament	b) Speaker of Lok Sabha and Chairman of Rajya Sabha
c) Rajya Sabha	d) Lok Sabha
- (7) Which of the following is not reserved by the Governor for the consideration of the President?

a) Bills affecting powers of the High Court	b) Bills relating to compulsory acquisition of property
c) Bills seeking to impose restrictions on the	d) Bills relating to imposition of taxes on

- c) U.S.A
d) U.S.S.R.
- (22) Chief Minister of a State is responsible to
a) Prime Minister
b) Rajya Sabha
c) Legislative Assembly
d) Governor
- (23) The Ministers are individually responsible to:
a) The President
b) The House of People
c) The Prime Minister
d) The House of which they are members
- (24) Election to the house of the people and the Legislative Assemblies of States in India are conducted on the basis of
a) Single Transferable vote
b) Propotional Representation
c) Limited sufferage
d) Adult Franchise
- (25) Which of the following subjects comes under the Concurrent List:
a) Citizenship
b) Inter-state rivers
c) Trade Union
d) Local Government
- (26) Which of the following is not involved in the preparation of the budget?
a) Finance Ministry
b) Planning Commission
c) Comptroller and Auditor General
d) Finance Commission
- (27) Which article of the Indian Constitution deals with National Emergency?
a) Article 352
b) Article 356
c) Article 360
d) Article 368
- (28) Which Constitutional amendment reduced the voting age from 21 to 18?
a) 61st
b) 65th
c) 71st
d) 21st
- (29) Which article of the Indian Constitution deals with constitutional Amendments?
a) Article 332
b) Article 386
c) Article 368
d) None of these
- (30) Which constitutional amendment is related to the Telangana region?
a) 32nd Amendment Act 1973
b) 98th Amendment Act 2013
c) 7th Amendment Act 1956
d) 100th Amendment Act 2015
- (31) In case a President dies while in office, the vice President can act as President for a maximum period of
a) 1 years
b) 3 months
c) 6 months
d) 2 years
- (32) For what period does the Vice President of India hold office ?
a) Till the age of 65 years
b) 5 years
c) 6 years
d) 2 years
- (33) Which of the following appointments is not made by the President of India ?
a) Chief of the Army
b) Speaker of the Lok Sabha
c) Chief Justice of India
d) All of these.
- (34) Minimum age required to contest for Presidentship is
a) 23 years
b) 21 years
c) 35 years
d) 30 years
- (35) Which article of the Indian Constitution says that there shall be a President of India?
a) 61
b) 52
c) 62
d) 74

- (36) Who among the following is a legal advisor of the State Government as provided by the Constitution?
- a) Public Prosecutor
c) Advocate General
- b) Solicitor General
d) Attorney General
- (37) Who acts as the Chancellor of State Universities?
- a) Governor
c) Chief Justice of High Court
- b) Chief Minister
d) President
- (38) The entry 'Public Health and Sanitation' is included in the Constitution of India in:
- a) Union List
c) Concurrent List
- b) State List
d) None of these
- (39) The Programme Evaluation Organization is an integral part of the
- a) National Development Council
c) Department of Public Enterprises
- b) Central Secretariat
d) Planning Commission
- (40) The President nominates 12 members of the Rajya Sabha according to
- a) Their performance as office bearers of cultural societies
c) Their role played in political set up of the country.
- b) The recommendations made by the Vice President.
d) Their distinction in the field of science, art, literature and social service.
- (41) Under which of these articles, Chairman and members of UPSC can be removed from their post?
- a) Article 315
c) Article 320
- b) Article 317
d) Article 322
- (42) When the Vice President officiates as President he draws the salary of
- a) Chairman of Rajya Sabha
c) Both (A) and (B)
- b) President
d) Member of Parliament
- (43) The maximum duration for which the Vice President may officiate as the President, is
- a) 1 year
c) 4 month
- b) 6 month
d) 9 month
- (44) When a State Governor dies or resigns, who normally exercises his functions till a new Governor is appointed ?
- a) Chief Justice of the High Court
c) Secretary General of the Governor
- b) Advocate General of the State
d) A person designated by State Cabinet
- (45) If the President wants to resign from office, he may do so by writing to the
- a) Chief Justice of India
c) Prime Minister
- b) Speaker of Lok Sabha
d) Vice- President
- (46) Which of the following is correct regarding the Governor of a State ?
- a) He can recommend to the President to impose President's Rule in the State
c) He has the power of issuing ordinances when the legislature is not in session.
- b) No money bill can be introduced in the State Legislature without his prior permission.
d) All of these.
- (47) The President of India is elected by an electoral college comprising of
- a) Elected members of Lok Sabha and State Legislative Assemblies
c) Elected members of both Houses of Parliament
- b) Elected member of both Houses of Parliament and State Legislative Assembly
d) Elected member of State Legislative Assemblies
- (48) If the office of the President of India falls vacant, within what time should the next President be elected ?

- a) Within 2 months
c) Within 6 months
- b) Within 1 year
d) Immediately
- (49) The President may for violation of the Constitution be removed from the office by
- a) The Prime Minister
c) Impeachment
- b) The Electoral College consisting of members of Parliament and the State Legislatures
d) no- confidence vote.
- (50) The Chief Justice (or a judge) of the High Court can be removed by the
- a) Chief Justice of the Supreme Court
c) Governor
- b) Same procedure as for the judges of the Supreme Court
d) Union Home Ministry
- (51) Judicial Review function of the Supreme Court means the power to
- a) Review the functioning of judiciary in the country
c) Examine the constitutional validity of the laws
- b) Undertake periodic review of the Constitution
d) Review its own judgement
- (52) Which of the following cases cannot be filed directly in the Supreme Court ?
- a) Cases against encroachment on Fundamental Rights
c) Both (a) and (b) .
- b) If one's property is forcefully occupied by the other
d) Disputes between two or more States
- (53) Which is not an eligibility criterion for appointment as a Judge of the High Court ?
- a) Must have been an advocate of a High Court for not less than 10 years
c) Must have attained the age of 55 years
- b) Must be, in the opinion of the President, a distinguished jurist
d) Must have been a High Court Judge for at least 5 years
- (54) What is meant by a Court of Record?
- a) The court that maintains records of all lower courts.
c) The court that can punish for its contempt.
- b) The court that is competent to give directions and issue writs.
d) The court that preserves all its records
- (55) Judges of the High Court are appointed by the
- a) Chief Justice of the High Court
c) Chief Justice of India
- b) President
d) Governor
- (56) The age of retirement of the Judges of the High Court is
- a) 62 years
c) 65 years
- b) 60 years
d) 58 years
- (57) Separation of the Judiciary from the Executive is enjoined by
- a) VII Schedule to the Constitution
c) Directive Principles
- b) Judicial decision
d) Preamble
- (58) The Chief Justice and other Judges of the High Court are appointed by the
- a) Chief Justice of the Supreme Court
c) Governor of the concerned state
- b) Chief Minister of the concerned state
d) President
- (59) Appointment of officers and servants of a High Court are made by the
- a) Chief Justice of the High Court
c) Governor
- b) President
d) None of these
- (60) The Judges of the Supreme Court can be removed from office by the
- a) Chief Justice of India
c) President on request of Parliament
- b) President
d) Prime Minister