

BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2021 - 22 Programme – Bachelor of Law Course Name – Law of Crimes II Course Code - LLB203 (Semester II)

Time allotted: 1 Hrs.15 Min.	F	ull Marks : 60
[The figure in the magnetic ended here]	argin indicates full marks.]	
G	roup-A	
(Multiple Choice Type Question)		1 x 60=60
Choose the correct alternative from the follows	ing:	
(1) The expression complaint is defined in Procedure, 1973.	of the Code of Criminal	
a) Section 2 (d)	b) Section 2 (c)	
c) Section 2 (b)	d) Section 2 (a)	
(2) The Criminal Procedure Code lays the rules person who has committed an offence under other Criminal law.		
a) Process	b) Proceedings	
c) Both Process & Proceedings	d) None of these	
(3) The expression inquiry is defined in Procedure, 1973.	of the Code of Criminal	
a) Section 2 (c)	b) Section 2 (e)	
c) Section 2 (f)	d) Section 2 (g)	
(4) Police is empowered to arrest without a war	rant	
a) Under section 41 of CrPC	b) Under section 42 of CrPC	
c) Under section 44 of CrPC	d) Under section 48 of CrPC	
(5) Who amongst the following is not competent postal or telegraph authority to deliver the deliver th		
a) District Magistrate	b) Judicial Magistrate	
c) Metropolitan Magistrate	d) None of these	
(6) A declaration of forfeiture under section 95	of Cr PC can be set aside by:	
a) Magistrate issuing the search warrant	b) Chief Judicial Magistrate/Chief Magistrate	Metropolitan

c) Court of Sessions

(7) Prosecution of judges and public servants is provided in

d) High Court

a) Section 195 of CrPC	b) Section 197 of CrPC	
c) Section 198 of CrPC	d) Section 193 of CrPC	
(8) Where the person summoned cannot be found the one of the duplicates for him with some	e summons may be served by leaving	
a) female member of the family	b) relative of the family	
c) adult male member	d) None of these	
(9) Section of the CrPC speaks of serv	vice of summons outside local limits.	
a) 64	b) 67	
c) 68	d) 70	
(10) Under the provisions of Code of Criminal Proced offence-	dure, 1973 for taking cognizance of an	
a) Judicial application of mind by the Magistrate is not needed	b) It is not open to the court to analyze the evidence produced	
c) Is an area exclusively within the domain of the Magistrate and the Officer-in-charge of the case	d) The offence must be committed within the territorial jurisdiction of a first class judicial Magistrate	
(11) It is mandatory for a police officer to inform the and right of bail if the offence is not non-bailable		
a) Section 49 of the CrPC	b) Section 50 of the CrPC	
c) Section 51 of the CrPC	d) Section 54 of the CrPC	
(12) Period of limitation for filling claims & objection attached under section 83 of the CrPC by any per as provided under section 84 of the CrPC	* * * *	
a) Within three months of attachment	b) Within six months of attachment	
c) Within one year of attachment	d) Within two months of attachment	
(13) Section 92 of CrPC lays down the procedure for		
 a) production of document(s) in the custody of postal or telegraph authority 	b) production of document(s) in the custody of any person other than the accused	
c) production of document(s) in the custody of an accused person	d) all of these	
(14) Search warrant in respect of a place		
 a) Includes search of a person present in or about that place 	b) Does not include search of a person in or about that place	
c) Includes search of a person in or about that	d)	
place if such person is suspected of concealing about his person any article for which search is being made	None of these	
(15) No court shall take cognizance of an offence pun Penal Code except	ishable under chapter XX of Indian	
a) Upon police report	b) Upon report of an executive magistrate	
c) Upon a complaint by some	d) Both Upon police report and Upon report of an executive magistrate	
(16) The following Magistrate may tender pardon		
a) Chief Judicial Magistrate	b) Metropolitan Magistrate	
c) Judicial Magistrate of the 1st Class	d) All of these	
(17) When the additional Sessions Judge passes a sen executed unless it is confirmed by	tence of death the sentence shall not be	
a) Sessions Judge	b) Supreme Court	
c) High Court Page 2	d) President of India of 6	

(18) A sentence of imprisonment in default of five ye	ar shall not exceed	
a) One-sixth of the term of imprisonment	b) One-fourth of the term of imprisonment	
c) One-third of the term of imprisonment	d) One-tenth of the term of imprisonment	
(19) Plea bargaining is applicable in respect of offence to 7 years II- With fine only	e I- Punishable with imprisonment up	
a) Only Punishable with imprisonment up to 7 years	b) Only With fine	
c) Either Punishable with imprisonment up to 7 years or With fine	d) Both Punishable with imprisonment up to 7 years and With fine	
(20) Provision for abatement of appeal has been provi	ided in	
a) Section 394 of the CrPC	b) Section 392 of the CrPC	
c) Section 390 of the CrPC	d) None of these	
(21) Warrant case means a case relating to an offence	-	
a) Punishable with death penalty	b) Punishable with imprisonment for life.	
 c) Punishable with imprisonment for a term exceeding two years. 	d) All of these	
(22) The object of Criminal Procedure Code is to pro- offenders against the Criminal law.	vide machinery for the punishment of	
a) Substantive	b) Procedural	
c) Civil	d) Objective	
(23) Forms of summons is provided under	of CrPC.	
a) Section 66	b) Section 64	
c) Section 61	d) Section 59	
(24) In which case it was being held that the provision procedural in nature?	ns of Criminal Procedure Code are	
a) Shivjee Singh v Nagendra Tiwary and others	b) Bhim Singh v State of J&K	
c) Rose v Merry	d) None of these.	
(25) The expression charge is defined inProcedure, 1973.	of the Code of Criminal	
a) Section 2 (ba)	b) Section 2 (b)	
c) Section 2 (bb)	d) Section 2 (c)	
(26) The expression non-cognizable offence is define Criminal Procedure, 1973.	d in of the Code of	
a) Section 2 (c)	b) Section 2 (k)	
c) Section 2 (l)	d) Section 2 (m)	
(27) The expression investigation is defined in Procedure, 1973	of the Code of Criminal	
a) Section 2 (a)	b) Section 2 (c)	
c) Section 2 (h)	d) Section 2 (j)	
(28) The expression summons-case is defined in Procedure, 1973.	of the Code of Criminal	
a) Section 2 (w)	b) Section 2 (z)	
c) Section 2 (za)	d) Section 2 (ac)	
(29) Arrest by magistrate has been provided in		
a) Under section 44 of CrPC	b) Under section 48 of CrPC	
c) Under section 46 of CrPC	d) Under section 47 of CrPC	
(30) A warrant of arrest may be executed		

a) Within the jurisdiction of the issuing court	b) At any place in India	
c) None of these	d) Beside a police station only	
(31) Which of the following requirements need NOT Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973?	be followed under section 200 of the	
a) The complainant must be examined	b) Examination of the complainant must be under oath	
c) The accused must be given an opportunity to be heard	d) The examination of the complainant must be reduced to writing	
(32) Cognizance of offences by Court of Sessions is (Fill in the blanks)	provided under of CrPC.	
a) Section 190	b) Section 191	
c) Section 192	d) Section 193	
(33) The Magistrate at his discretion can allow the coand acquit the accused in case of –	omplainant to withdraw the complaint	
a) Warrant case	b) Summons case	
c) Both warrant case and summons case	d) none of these	
(34) Under section 95 of Cr PC certain publications of be issued for the same. In this context, the proportion of the search warrant cannot be issued for fundamental right of speech & expression and in be forfeited & search warrant can be issued for the correct:	ositions are:I. A newspaper cannot be the same as it would be violative of the avolves the fourth estate. II. A book can the same. III. A document can be same. Which of the following is	
a) I & II are correct	b) I & III are correct	
c) II & III are correct	d) I, II & III all are correct.	
(35) Examination of complainant is provided under _	of CrPC. (Fill in the blanks)	
a) section 190	b) Section 197	
c) Section 200	d) Section 207	
(36) An application to High Court to set aside the dec provided:	claration of forfeiture has been	
a) Under section 95 of Cr PC	b) Under section 96 of Cr PC	
c) Under section 97 of Cr PC	d) Under section 98 of Cr PC	
(37) Search warrant in respect of a place:		
 a) includes search of a person present in or about that place 	b) does not include search of a person in or about that place	
c) includes search of a person in or about that place only if such person is suspected of concealing about his person any article for which search is being made	d) none of these	
(38) Power of police officer to seize certain property	is provided under	
a) section 100 of Cr PC	b) section 101 of Cr PC	
c) section 103 of Cr PC	d) section 102 of Cr PC	
(39) Who can empower any Magistrate of the second 190(1), CrPC, of such offences as are within his		
a) DC	b) Chief Judicial Magistrate	
c) HC	d) JM	
(40) Search warrant must be executed by any police	,	
a) above the rank of Sub-Inspector of police	b) above the rank of Constable	

c) above the rank of Inspector	d) none of these
(41) Issue of search warrant is	
a) A judicial act	b) An administrative act
c) A ministerial act	d) None of these
(42) Examination of complainant and his witnesses u	apon oath has been provided in
a) Section 200 of CrPC	b) Section 203 of CrPC
c) Section 204 of CrPC	d) Section 201 of CrPC
(43) When the accused is brought under arrest on the court for the offence which is a non-bailable the accused on bail	_
a) Executive Magistrate	b) Chief Judicial Magistrate
c) Sessions Judge	d) Both Chief Judicial Magistrate and Sessions Judge
(44) When the process fees are not paid within a reast the complaint	sonable time the magistrate may dismiss
a) Under section 204(4) CrPC	b) Under section 204(3) CrPC
c) Under section 203 CrPC	d) Under section 204(5) CrPC
(45) Proviso of Section 437 CrPC enables the court to	to grant bail if the accused is
a) Under the age of 18 years	b) woman
c) blind	d) member of parliament
(46) The following court may grant anticipatory bail	
a) Sessions Court	b) High Court
c) Supreme Court	d) Both Sessions Court and High Court
(47) Who is empowered to release the accused on bat warrant issued by a foreign court in respect of b	<u> </u>
a) Executive Magistrate	b) District Superintendent of Police
c) Commissioner of Police	d) Either Executive Magistrate or District Superintendent of Police or Commissioner of Police
(48) The police officer who seized the property, if su police station shall forthwith report the seizure to	
a) S.D.P.O.	b) S.P
c) O.C.	d) C.J.M.
(49) If the complaint is made to a Magistrate who is offence, he shall-	not competent to take cognizance of the
a) Examine the complainant under section 200 CrPC	b) Issue summons against the accused
 c) If the complaint is in writing return it for presentation to the proper court with an endorsement 	d) None of these
(50) Complaint may relate to	
a) A cognizable offence	b) A non- cognizable offence
c) Both a and b	d) Must be for a non-cognizable offence as the police has no power to investigate such an offence
(51) A person can be arrested without warrant	
a) For securing attendance of accused at trial	b) As a preventive or precautionary measure

- (52) Section 55 of the CrPC provides for a) Medical examination of the accused at the b) Medical examination of the accused at the request of the police officer request of the accused d) Neither Medical examination of the accused c) at the request of the police officer nor Both Medical examination of the accused at Medical examination of the accused at the the request of the police officer and Medical request of the accused because section 55 examination of the accused at the request of deals with provision for procedure when the accused police officer deputes subordinate to arrest without warrant (53) A proclamation requiring a person to appear must be published giving a) Not less than 30 days time to the person b) Not less than 10 days time to the person concerned concerned c) Not less than 20 days time to the person d) Not less than 15 days time to the person concerned concerned (54) Period of limitation for filing a suit to establish the right over the property attached by a person other than the person proclaimed, who has filed claims & objection to attachment, is a) 3 months from the date of disallowing the b) 6 months from the date of disallowing the claim c) One year from the date of disallowing the d) 3 years from the date of disallowing the (55) A search warrant is a written authority given to a police officer or any other person for the search of any place b) for specified things or documents a) generally c) generally as well as for specified things or d) None of these documents (56) The issuance of summons to a person to produce a document(s) under section 91 of the CrPC is a) declaration b) mandatory d) either a or b c) discretionary (57) A person who is required merely to produce a document(s)/thing under section 91 of the CrPC a) has to attend personally to produce the b) can cause the document(s)/thing to be produced in the Court document(s)/thing c) either attend personally or cause the d) none of these document(s)/thing produced in the Court (58) A search warrant can be issued in respect of a place a) used for deposit and sale of stolen property b) used for deposit, sale and production of counterfeit coin, currency notes and stamps d) all of these c) used for deposit, sale and production of forged documents and false seals
- (59) As per which provision of CrPC persons in charge of closed place is required to allow search
 - a) Section 100 of CrPC

b) Section 102 of CrPC

c) Section 105 of CrPC

- d) Section 104 of CrPC
- (60) The court of a magistrate of the 1st class may pass a sentence of imprisonment
- a) Upto two years

b) Upto seven years

c) Upto three years

d) Upto one year