

BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2021 - 22 Programme – Bachelor of Business Administration Course Name – Marketing Management Course Code - BBA402 (Semester IV)

Time allotted: 1 Hrs.25 Min. Full Marks: 70

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question) $1 \times 70=70$ Choose the correct alternative from the following:

1	(1)	SBU	ctan	de	for
I		SDU	Stan	us	IOI

a) Simple Business Unit

b) Strategic Business Unity

c) Strategic Business Unit

d) Simple Business Unity

(2) The objective of advertisement is to create

a) Motivation among the employees

b) Demand for goods

c) Supply of goods

d) Investment

(3) "Produce the product in bulk volume" this concept is known as

a) Product Concept

b) Production Concept

c) Selling Concept

d) Marketing Concept

(4) Popular figures who can influence consumer decisions are called

a) Opinion leaders

b) Reference groups

c) Political leaders

d) None of these

(5) Which of the following is a function of expectation and perceived performance

a) Consumption

b) Satisfaction

c) Perfection

d) Usage

(6) Total number of lines provided by a company is known as

a) Product Depth

b) Product Width

c) Product Length

d) Product Mix

(7) "Value-added services" means

a) Core product

b) Expected product

c) Augmented product

d) Potential product

(8) Cross-selling means

a) Selling with a cross face

b) Selling other products to existing customers

c) Selling to friends	d) Selling to employees
(9) Market segmentation means	
a) Segmenting the salesmen	b) Segmenting the employees
c) Segmenting the customers as per their needs	d) Segmenting the products
(10) The set of benefits that a company offers to its c wn as	ustomers for satisfying their needs is kno
a) Product proposition	b) Value proposition
c) Price proposition	d) None of these
(11) Romila, a manager, delegates the authority for a la is most likely involved in which function of the	1 0
a) staffing	b) organizing
c) motivating	d) leading
(12) When managers use metrics to assess performan ve action, they are performing the fun	
a) Planning	b) Leading
c) Controlling	d) Organizing
(13) HRM is	
a) staff functions	b) A line function
c) A staff function, line function and accounting function	d) All of the above
(14) Finding ways to reduce is a key respo	nsibility of management
a) Dissatisfaction	b) Uncertainty
c) Stress	d) None of the above
(15) Which of the following options is an important i	ssue in the definition of communication
a) Transmission and reception of messages	b) Involvement of people
c) Process of communication	d) All of the above
(16) is the process of estimating the quantity	y and quality of people required to
a) Demand forecasting	b) Supply forecasting
c) Environmental forecasting	d) None of the above
(17) WOM is a part of	
a) Communication	b) Sales
c) Distribution	d) Marketing research
(18) In marketing, lifestyles are named as, est, and opinions	which include consumers' activities, inter
a) Geographical	b) Psychographics
c) Demographics	d) Geodemographics
(19) If actual performance exceeds the expected performance	ormance of the product, Then customer is
a) Satisfied	b) Dissatisfied
c) Delighted	d) Neutral
(20) If a firm is practicing, ing its customer-contact employees and all of the am to provide customer satisfaction	
a) double-up marketing	b) interactive marketing
c) service marketing	d) internal marketing
(21) What is the last stage of the consumer decision p	process?

a) problem recognition	b) alternative evaluation		
c) post purchase behavior	d) purchase		
(22) In marketing theory, every contribution from the supply chain adds to the product.			
a) value	b) costs		
c) convenience	d) ingredients		
(23) In consumers may share a strong need that cannot be satisfied by an existing product.			
a) negative demand	b) latent demand		
c) declining demand	d) irregular demand		
(24) A change in an individual's behavior prompted by information and experience refers to w hich one of the following concept?			
a) Learning	b) Role selection		
c) Perception	d) Motivation		
(25) pricing is the approach of setting a low initial price in order to attract a large nu mber of buyers quickly and win a large market share			
a) Market-skimming	b) Value-based		
c) Market-penetration	d) Leader		
(26) While buying milk which kind of behaviour is disp	played by a person?		
a) Extensive problem solving behaviour	b) Routinized buying behaviour		
c) Variety seeking behaviour	d) None of the above		
(27) Whether to sell via intermediaries or directly to consumers, how many outlets to sell through, and whether to control or cooperate with other channel members are examples of decisions marketers must make about			
a) Promotion	b) Price		
c) Distribution	d) Product		
(28) What is the basic property of a service which make	es it different from a product?		
a) Shape	b) Size		
c) Very expensive	d) Intangibility		
(29) Customer's evaluation of the difference between all the benefits and all the costs of a mar keting offer relative to those of competing offers refers to which of the following options			
a) Customer perceived value	b) Marketing myopia		
c) Customer relationship management	d) Customer satisfaction		
(30) Buying goods and services for further processing or for use in the production process refer s to which of the following markets?			
a) Consumer markets	b) Government markets		
c) Business markets	d) International markets		
(31) A person's consist(s) of all the groups the ct influence on his/her attitudes or behavior	hat have a direct (face-to-face) or indire		
a) culture	b) subculture		
c) reference groups	d) demographics		
(32) The is practiced most aggressively with mally do not think of buying, such as insurance, en			
a) marketing concept	b) selling concept		
c) production concept	d) product concept		
(33) marketing has the aim of building mutu	ally satisfying long-term relations with		

key parties such as customers, suppliers, distribute to earn and retain their business.	outors, and other marketing partners in orde
a) Demand-based	b) Relationship
c) Direct	d) Integrated
(34) Products that are usually purchased due to adve han desire are called	ersity and high promotional back up rather t
a) Sought goods	b) Unique goods
c) Unsought goods	d) Preferred goods
(35) is defined as the cess from a market offering and the costs of obt	difference between the benefits a customer s aining those benefits.
a) Customer value	b) Satisfaction scale
c) Profit margin	d) Competitive benefit
(36) Which factor is relevant for the concept of mar	keting?
a) Seeks to quickly convert products in cash	b) All departments operate in a highly integrated manner
c) Cost determines the price	 d) Different departments operate as separate wat er tight compartments
(37) The American Marketing Association defines aof the potential buyers for a product or service.	
a) demand	b) purchase
c) interest	d) expenditure
is a trade of value bet	tween two or more parties
a) Transaction	b) Exchange
c) Value	d) None of these
(39) Among the given options which one is not a pameter?	art of demography based segmentation para
a) Gender	b) Age
c) Education	d) Lifestyle
(40) Marketing Myopia is	
a) Far sightedness	b) Short sightedness
c) Long sightedness	d) None of these
(41) Need which as a customer we don't know that	it exist is known as;
a) Basic need	b) Psychological need
c) Biological need	d) Latent need
(42) Which one is an example of a tangible product	
a) Movie	b) Popcorn
c) Parking	d) Public Transport
(43) "Provide the customer with whatever he wants is known as	· •
a) Marketing	b) Societal Marketing
c) Branding	d) Advertising
(44) 'Situation in which a purchaser buys the same e vendor' is	product in the same quantities from the sam
a) A new buy selling situation	b) A modified rebuy
c) A straight rebuy	d) A complex buying situation
(45) Product Life Cycle Concept is basically valid f	or

a) Goods	b) Services		
c) Goods and Services both	d) None of these		
(46) Among the following options of 4P's which one only causes cash inflow for the company			
a) Product	b) Price		
c) Place	d) Promotion		
(47) Among the given options which one is not a part of demography based segmentation para meter?			
a) Gender	b) Age		
c) Lifestyle	d) Education		
(48) Value is equal to			
a) Benefit/Cost	b) Cost/Benefit		
c) Profit/Costs	d) None of these		
(49) Company's sales and profit level decline at which stage of product life cycle?			
a) Introduction	b) Growth		
c) Maturity	d) Decline		
(50) The process of identifying a group of people simil	ar in one or more ways is called		
a) Market Research	b) Target Marketing		
c) Market Analysis	d) Market Segmentation		
(51) Which of these can not represent a brand?			
a) Logo	b) Brand Name		
c) Theme Line	d) Demand		
(52) Which of the following is not an element of the m	arketing mix?		
a) Place	b) Production		
c) Promotion	d) Price		
(53) occurs when an organization chooses to market and sell the same product and service to all consumers. (fill in the blank)			
a) Mass marketing	b) Niche marketing		
c) Target marketing	d) Differentiated marketing		
(54) Those who buy products from domestic manufacturers and sell them to retail stores are called as			
a) Retailer	b) Wholesaler		
c) Importers	d) Franchisers		
(55) Penetration Pricing does not assume			
a) Brand Loyalty	b) Brand Switching		
c) Brand Proliferation	d) None of these		
(56) One who fights for the same rupee of my custome	r is my		
a) Supplier	b) Competitor		
c) Consumer	d) Channel partner		
(57) For a very unique product which is coming to the ing that should be adopted is known as	market for the first time, the type of pric		
a) Two Part Pricing	b) Penetration Pricing		
c) Skimming Pricing	d) Special Event Pricing		
(58) Popular figure who can influence consumer decisions are called			
a) Opinion leader	b) Reference group		
c) Influencer	d) All of these		

(59) In consumer buying process which one	e comes after initiator
a) Influencer	b) Decider
c) Buyer	d) Payer
(60) Which of the following is Customer O	riented Pricing?
a) Skimming Pricing	b) Penetration Pricing
c) Perceived Value Pricing	d) Loss Leader Pricing
(61) A want backed up by willingness and	ability to pay is known as
a) Need	b) Want
c) Value	d) Demand
(62) The extra premium a customer is ready	y to pay for a particular brand is known as
a) Brand Rejuvenation	b) Brand Loyalty
c) Brand Proliferation	d) Brand Equity
(63) 'Value-added services' means	
a) Core product	b) Expected product
c) Augmented product	d) Potential product
(64) In, consumers dislike the p	product and may even pay to avoid it.
a) Negative demand	b) Nonexistent demand
c) Latent demand	d) Declining demand
(65) In, consumers may be un	naware of or uninterested in the product.
a) Negative demand	b) Nonexistent demand
c) Latent demand	d) Declining demand
(66) In, consumers begin to buy to	the product less frequently or not at all.
a) Declining demand	b) Irregular demand
c) Negative demand	d) Nonexistent demand
(67) Consumer purchases vary on a season.	al, monthly, weekly, daily, or even hourly basis in _
a) Unwholesome demand	b) Irregular demand
c) Overfull demand	d) Declining demand
(68) Groups having a direct influence are c	alled
a) Membership group	b) Aspirational groups
c) Dissociative group	d) Influencial group
(69) are those whose values	or behavior an individual rejects.
a) Membership group	b) Aspirational groups
c) Dissociative group	d) Religious group
(70) Which of Maslow's needs reflects indi	viduals' desires for status, self-esteem, and prestige?
a) Ego	b) Self-actualization
c) Social	d) Safety and Security