1 x 60=60



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2021 - 22 Programme – Bachelor of Science (Honours) in Multimedia Course Name – Professional Ethics Course Code - BMMC601 (Semester VI)

Time allotted: 1 Hrs.15 Min. Full Marks: 60

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks.]

Group-A(Multiple Choice Type Question)

Choose the correct alternative from the following: (1) Ethics means a) Loyalty to set practices b) Rightness or wrongness of behavior c) Moral judgment d) Moral judgment (2) Value that is related to the enjoyment of beauty is a) societal value b) spiritual value c) aesthetic value d) material value (3) Unable to understand others lead to a) Information b) Money c) Unhappiness d) None of these (4) Expectation is a kind of a) Natural acceptance b) Artificial acceptance c) Value d) None of these

(5) The basic requirements to ensure happiness and prosperity for human beings are

a) Right Understandingb) Relationshipsc) Physical Facilitiesd) All of these

(6) Right Understanding helps to

a) To make worse relationshipb) Improve relationshipc) To demolish relationshipd) None of these

(7) Physical facilities for humans

a) Is necessary but not complete b) Is necessary and complete

c) Social d) Physiological

(8) Physical facilities for animals	
a) Is necessary but not complete	b) Is necessary and complete
c) Social	d) Physiological
(9) Value education provides	
a) What is valuable for human sadness	b) What is not valuable for human happiness
c) What is essential for human sadness	d) What is valuable for human happiness
(10) Core human values are	
a) Love	b) Peace
c) Truth	d) All of these
(11) Self-exploration implies	
a) Self-satisfaction	b) Self-verification
c) Criticizing others	d) Criticizing all
(12) Value Education should be applied	
a) Regionally	b) Universally.
c) Universally.	d) largely value based
(13) Happiness may be defined as being in	
a) harmony/ synergy in the states/ situations	b) Ethical
c) Dharma	d) Niti
(14) "Relationship with human beings" and "Physica emanates from	l facilities with the rest of nature"
а) Нарру	b) Right understanding in the self
c) Logical	d) Illogical
(15) The Program To Fulfill Basic Human Aspiration	ns include
a) Prepare a list of everything you want in your life	b) Underline all the physical/material things
c) Both Prepare a list of everything you want in your life and Underline all the physical/material things	 d) Neither Prepare a list of everything you want in your life and Underline all the physical/material things
(16) Relationship consisted of	
a) Criticism	b) Mutual fulfilment
c) Disrespect	d) Dishonor
(17) Happy relationship leads to	
a) Information	b) Unhappiness
c) Money	d) None of these
(18) Indian ethos is the outcome of Way of	life.
a) Buddha	b) Hindu
c) Christian	d) Muslim
(19) Fundamental theories of Indian Model include .	
a) Purushartha Theory	b) Panchakosas Theory
c) Theory of Gunas	d) All of these
(20) Harmony in the family leads to harmony in the	
a) Society	b) Business
c) Schools	d) Courts

(21) Trust means believing	_ intention, as we do in our own intention.	
a) Others	b) Own	
c) Family	d) Spousal	
	istence are fundamental human value for	
comprehensive human value.		
a) Fearlessness	b) Happiness	
c) Generosity	d) Love	
(23) Self-exploration demands examination again.	and of our beliefs again and	
a) Validation	b) Activation	
c) Reservation	d) Observation	
(24) Which functional area in business ethics authority?	s is about obeying and adhering to rules and	
a) Ethics in compliance	b) Ethics in finance	
c) Ethics in production	d) None of these	
(25) An expert who is confidentially available to solve the ethical dilemmas is known as		
a) Ethic coach	b) Ethics trainer	
c) Ethics guide	d) None of these	
(26) The process where a person informs on or wrongdoing-	another or makes public disclosure of corruption	
a) Endeavour	b) Whistle blowing	
c) Dilemmas	d) Veteran	
(27) Ethical and unethical behaviors are dete	ermined by	
a) The individual	b) The culture	
c) Both the individual and the culture	d) Neither the individual nor the culture	
(28) Which of the following is an assumption of rationality to rationale decision making?		
a) Preferences are clear	b) Final choice will maximise payoff	
c) The problem is clear and unambiguous	d) All of these	
(29) The emotional part of an attitude is called	ed	
a) Affective component	b) Attitude	
c) Behavioral component	d) All of these	
(30) A personality measure of the strength of	f a person's convictions is called	
a) Locus of control	b) Ego	
c) Ego Strength	d) None of these	
(31) Which of the following is an example o	f a value?	
a) Justice	b) Happiness	
c) Security	d) All of the answers are correct.	
(32) What is the origin of the word 'Ethics'?		
a) Ethica	b) Ethicia	
c) Dharma	d) Niti	
(33) Holism means		
a) Oneness	b) Divinity	
c) Materialism	d) All of these	

(34) Ethics helps to differentiate between	
a) Attitude and Behavior	b) Right and Wrong
c) Friend and Enemy	d) Logic and Illogic
(35) The word Ethics is taken from Greek word	
a) Ethna	b) Ethia
c) Ethus	d) Ethos
(36) Ethics is a Branch of that governs right and wrong conduct	
a) Knowledge	b) Philosophy
c) Morality	d) Attitude
(37) Ethics is always concerned with	
a) Good vs Evil	b) Individual vs Group
c) Nature vs Technology	d) None of these
(38) The application of ethics is	
a) Rational	b) Universal
c) Religion	d) None of these
(39) Karen L. Rich defines ethics as a distinguishing matters of right and wrong	to understanding, analyzing, and
a) Moral approach	b) Literal approach
c) Systematic approach	d) Scientific approach
(40) Ethics related to our	
a) Values and Virtues	b) Moral and physical
c) Technical and Mechanical	d) Psychological
(41) Ethics helps us to understand about our	
a) Decisions and actions	b) Attitude
c) Happiness	d) None of these
(42) Meta-ethics comprises the area of	
a) Systematic ethics	b) Vertical ethics
c) Situational ethics	d) Basic ethics
(43) Human actions can be judge through	
a) Meta Ethics	b) Normative Ethics
c) Applied Ethics	d) Moral Ethics
(44) There are three elements emphasized by normal	ative ethics:
a) The person who performs the act (the agent)	b) The act
c) The consequences of the act	d) All of these
(45) Applied ethics deals with	
a) Applied ethics deals with practical ethics	b) Applied ethics is the problem-solving branch of moral philosophy.
c) Applied ethics is the nexus between ethics and morality	d d) None of these
(46) Some of the key areas of applied ethics are:	
a) Decision Ethics	b) Professional Ethics
c) Organizational Ethics	d) All of these

individual's character, so the nature of ethics is:	orms, moral values in a person and an	
a) Philosophical Nature	b) Scientific Nature	
c) Moral Nature	d) Equitable Nature	
(48) Ethics can be applied to	, 1	
a) Animals only	b) Humans exclusively	
c) Animals and Humans both	d) None of these	
(49) Ethical objectives are based on the following factors:		
a) Objectivity	b) Impartiality	
c) Accuracy	d) All of these	
(50) Morals refer to:	,	
a) An individual's own principles regarding right and wrong.	b) Rules provided by an external source	
c) Both An individual's own principles regarding right and wrong and Rules provided by an external source	d) None of these	
(51) The word "Morals" comes from Latin word :		
a) Moralis	b) Murals	
c) Moralie	d) Merel	
(52) The most common examples of normative ethical	theories are:	
a) Utilitarianism	b) Kantian duty-based ethics	
c) Divine command theory	d) All of these	
(53) Social Responsibility of Press is/ are:		
a) To serve information	b) Being public watchdog	
c) To safeguard democracy	d) All of these	
(54) Which among the following are advantages of ma	naging business ethics in the workplace?	
 a) Cultivation of strong team work and productivity. 	b) Avoid criminal acts	
c) Lower fines	d) All of these.	
(55) Whistleblowing law is located in the		
a) Employment Rights Act 1996	b) The Copyright Act	
c) The Contempt of Courts Act	d) Indian Penal Code	
(56) Under RTI Act, Information means		
a) Documents	b) Advices	
c) Contracts	d) All of these	
(57) Right to Information Act, 2005 come into force or	1?	
a) 15 June 2005	b) 21 June 2005	
c) 31 December 2005	d) 12 October 2005	
(58) Right to Information is defined under which section of Right to Information Act, 2005?		
a) Section 2 (n)	b) Section 2 (h)	
c) Section 2 (j)	d) Section 2 (a)	
(59) The long title of the RTI Act seeks to promote the following qualities in the working of every public authority:		

a) Transparency

b) Punctuality

c) Efficiency

d) Reputation

(60) Which section of RTI Act 2005 deals with 'obligations of public authorities'

a) Section 6

b) Section 7

c) Section 4(1)

d) Section 8