

BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2021 - 22 Programme – Bachelor of Pharmacy Course Name – Herbal Drug Technology Course Code - BP603T (Semester VI)

Time allotted: 1 Hrs.30 Min. Full Marks: 75 [The figure in the margin indicates full marks.] Group-A (Multiple Choice Type Question) 1 x 75=75 Choose the correct alternative from the following: are obtained from plant raw materials by steam distillation, dry distillation or a suitable mechanical process without heating: a) Expressed juices b) Essential oils c) Fluid extracts d) Tinctures (2) Chemical constituent obtained from eucalyptus is : a) Cineole b) Glycerides of oleic acid d) Menthone c) Eugenol (3) _____ process is carried out before the crude drugs are marketed: a) Dressing/garbling b) Packaging c) Harvesting d) Drying (4) The biological water humour corresponding to the element of liquid is called : a) Vata b) Pitta c) Kapha d) None of these preparation of Ayurvedic dosage form, the drug is made into a pulp and wrapped (5) In inside the leaves of jambolana or Palasha: a) Decoction b) Hot extraction c) Milk decoction d) Infusion (6) consists of tubers of Ipomoea purge: a) Jalap b) Podophyllum c) Male fern d) Ginger (7) _____ of Siddha science contains drugs from vegetable, mineral, metal and marine sour

b) Asthang Hridaya

d) None of the above

a) Charaka Samhita

c) Materia medica

(8) The botanical name of Amla is:		
a) Emblica officinalis	b) Aegle marmelos	
c) Terminalia chebula	d) Prunus amygdalus	
(9) Arachis oil contains:		
a) Linoleic acid	b) Ricinoleic acid	
c) Cineole	d) Caryophyllene	
(10) Pentosan is present in:		
a) Black catechu	b) Isapgol	
c) Arjuna	d) Ginger	
(11) Which one is odd?		
a) Vatika	b) Modaka	
c) Asava	d) Netranjan	
(12) The meaning of Kanjika is:		
a) Medicated oils	b) Decoctions	
c) Wines	d) Vinegars	
(13) Salakya chikitsa stands for:		
a) Surgery	b) General medicine	
c) Paediatric treatment	d) ENT treatment	
(14) Saffron is obtained from:		
a) Anethum sowa	b) Withania somnifera	
c) Crocus sativus	d) Saraca indica	
(15) Vata stands for:		
a) Energy and liquid	b) Space and air	
c) Liquid and solid	d) None of these	
(16) In Siddha system of medicine, blood is known as	:	
a) Rasa	b) Tasai	
c) Elambu	d) Kurudhi	
(17) system of medicine is based on 'Likes a	re cured by likes':	
a) Ayurveda	b) Unani	
c) Siddha	d) Homeopathy	
(18) Which one of the following is used to treat gout ar	nd epidermal cancer?	
a) Senna	b) Asoka	
c) Cannabis	d) Colchicum	
(19) Isoflavones, ethyl esters of omega-3-fatty acids, di of:	etary fibres are helpful in the treatment	
a) Cardiovascular disorders	b) Diabetes	
c) Obesity	d) Cancer	
(20) acts as a potent antioxidant and free radio	cal scavenger:	
a) Curcumin	b) Flavonoids	
c) Green tea	d) Coenzyme Q10	
(21) What is the significance of bacteria used in nutraceuticals?		
a) Improves gut flora	b) Improves dental health	
c) Prevention of cancer	d) Prevention of CVD	
(22) comprises of dried roots and stem bases of	f shrub Withania somnifera:	

a) Ginseng	b) Spirulina	
c) Aswagandha	d) Amla	
(23) consists of simple phenolic molecules a olecular weight over 30,000:	and highly polymerized compounds with m	
a) Soy proteins	b) Probiotics	
c) Phytosterols and stanols	d) Polyphenols	
(24) consists of fresh as well as dried fruits of the medicinal plant Emblica officinalis:		
a) Ginseng	b) Ginger	
c) Garlic	d) Amla	
(25) is extracted from the dried rhizome of the plant Piper methysticum:		
a) Kava-kava	b) Hypericum	
c) Ginkgo biloba	d) Pepper	
(26) are present in peas, soy beans and herbs	(Soapwort, soapbark):	
a) Glucosamine	b) Carnitine	
c) Saponins	d) Carotenoids	
(27) Soluble fibres are present in:		
a) Apples	b) Barley	
c) Brown-rice	d) Tomatoes	
(28) Allyl sulphur compounds are rich in:		
a) Turmeric	b) Tomato	
c) Garlic	d) Legumes	
(29) Apigenin is present in:		
a) Chamomile	b) Citrus fruits	
c) Milk thistle	d) Tea	
(30) Which one of the following is present in citrus to	fruits?	
a) Quercetin	b) Silybin	
c) Hisperidin	d) None of these	
(31) Daily intake of walnuts is:		
a) 10g	b) 4g	
c) 11g	d) 3g	
(32) Which of the following is used to treat eye disor	rders?	
a) Egg yolk	b) Cabbage	
c) Marigold	d) All of these	
(33) Riboflavin is the another name of:		
a) Vitamin B1	b) Vitamin B2	
c) Vitamin B5	d) Vitamin C	
(34) The pungency of the ginger is due to:		
a) Camphene	b) Zingiberene	
c) Bisabolene	d) Zingerone	
(35)% of albumin is present in garlic:		
a) 29%	b) 5-6%	
c) 0.1%	d) 38%	
(36) Botanical name of Korean ginseng is:		
a) Panax notoginseng	b) Panax japonica	

c) Panax ginseng	d) None of these
(37) Spirulina platensis is belonging to family of	:
a) Euphorbiaceae	b) Oscillatoriaceae
c) Apidae	d) Liliaceae
increases the bioavailability of Phenyt	toin:
a) Ephedra sinica	b) Piper nigrum
c) Allium sativum	d) Panax ginseng
(39) is used as antihypertensive:	
a) Reserpine	b) Piperidine
c) Strychnine	d) Ephedrine
(40) N-feruloylserotonin is the chemical constituent	t of:
a) Aloe vera	b) Long pepper
c) Liquorice	d) Safflower
(41) are used only as disposable tooth brus	shes:
a) Babul-bark	b) Clove-flower buds
c) Neem-twigs	d) Vajradanti-entire herb
(42) Active ingredient of self-nano emulsifying zed	oary essential oil is:
a) Turmeric oil	b) Docetaxel
c) Silybin	d) Quercetin
(43) Biological source of liquorice is:	
a) Stevia rebaudiana	b) Citrus auranitum
c) Glycyrrhiza glabra	d) Thaumatococcus danielli
(44) Which material is used to impart colour to an h	nerbal cosmetic?
a) Saffron	b) Hydroquinones
c) Lavender	d) Ascorbic acid
(45) Olea europea is the biological source of	:
a) Castor oil	b) Arachis oil
c) Almond oil	d) Olive oil
(46) Which herb is useful in hair nourishment?	
a) Shikekai	b) Arnica
c) Mustard	d) Ritha
(47) In toothpaste preparation, is used as a	humectant:
a) Sodium lauryl sulphate	b) Calcium pyrophosphate
c) Sorbitol 70	d) Carboxy methyl cellulose
(48) Lawsone is present in:	
a) Liquorice	b) Turmeric
c) Stevia	d) Henna
(49) Boiled tragacanth solution produces on:	colour when treated with 10% FeCl3 solution
a) Deep yellow	b) Olive green
c) Blue	d) Pink
(50) Annatto is obtained from:	
a) Lawsonia inermis	b) Bixa orellana
c) Xanthomonas campestris	d) Cymopsis tetragonolobus

(51) is the active ingredient of Capasaicin tra	ansferosomes:	
a) Silybin	b) Quercetin	
c) Docetaxel	d) Capsaicin	
(52) is used as Hepatoprotective:		
a) Matrine	b) Colchicine	
c) Taxel	d) Silybin	
(53) is an example of Ethosomes:		
a) Quercetin liposome	b) Artemisinin nanocapsule	
c) Colchicine transferosome	d) Matrimeethosome	
(54) Green tea phytosome contains as an active	e ingredient:	
a) Ginsenoside	b) Quercetin	
c) Epigallocatechin	d) Flavonoids	
(55) refers to anaesthetic or ornamental aspect of a product which makes it attractive a nd appealing, thereby increasing its commercial value:		
a) Trade marks	b) Trade secrets	
c) Industrial designs	d) Copy rights	
(56) These are granted for novel, original and ornamen	tal designs of useful objects:	
a) Utility patents	b) Design patents	
c) Plant patents	d) All of the above	
(57) One of the following sections of PPV & FR Act empowers the farmers to save some seeds from their crops:		
a) Section 39 (1) (i)	b) Section 39 (1) (iii)	
c) Section 44	d) Section 39 (1) (iv)	
(58) Prohibition of Manufacture and sale of certain AS	U drug is:	
a) Section 33EEB	b) Section 33EEC	
c) Section 33EED	d) Section 33-I	
(59) Toxicological studies come under which assessmen	nt of herbal medicines?	
a) Assessment of quality	b) Assessment of safety	
c) Assessment of efficacy	d) All of the above	
(60) Fifth ICDRA was held in:		
a) 1985	b) 1989	
c) 2005	d) 1995	
(61) The head quarter of WIPO is in:		
a) Geneva	b) Zurich	
c) Lugano	d) Basel	
(62) Neem tree is known as:		
a) Azadirachta indica	b) Vinca rosea	
c) Ocimum sanctum	d) Rauwolfia serpentina	
(63) In Australia, herbal products are regulated by the	:	
a) Food and Drug Administration	b) Environmental Protecting Agency	
c) Therapeutic Goods Administration	d) None of these	
(64)refers to any word(s), letter(s), numeral(s), symbol(s), drawing(s), picture(s), device(s), shape(s), colour(s), label(s) etc.:		
a) Industrial Designs	b) Trade Secrets	
c) Trade Marks	d) All of the above	

(63) Drugs and Cosmetic Act was passed in	·
a) 1935	b) 1945
c) 1930	d) 1940
(66) Botanical name of Turmeric is:	
a) Zingiber officinale	b) Elettaria cardamomum
c) Curcuma longa	d) None of these
(67) Which one of the following is non-medical	ted syrup?
a) Cinnamon syrup	b) Astragalus syrup
c) Elderberry syrup	d) Cherry syrup
(68) Saffron is isolated from:	
a) Ocimum sanctum	b) Crocus sativus
c) Convolvulus pluricaulis	d) Hypericum perforatum
(69) What are the active constituents of ginger?	?
a) Resin, volatile oil	b) Emetine, cephaline
c) Curcuminoids, curcumin	d) Morphine, codeine
(70) Throughout India, turmeric and chillies of	export quality are sourced from:
a) Kerala	b) Tamil Nadu
c) Telengana	d) Andhra Pradesh
(71) is used to treat malaria:	
a) Ajamalicine	b) Artemisinin
c) Colchicine	d) Ephedrine
(72) is used as rodenticide:	
a) Tannic acid	b) Sennosides
c) Quinine	d) Strychnine
(73) Acorus calamus contains and	as active constituent:
a) Reserpine, resinnamine	b) Emetine, cephaleine
c) Asaraldehyde, volatile oil	d) Resin, volatile oil
(74) Bharathiar University, Coimbatore, Tamil	Nadu is involved in:
a) Cashew research	b) Pest management
c) Sheep and wool research	d) Plant genetic engineering
(75) number of formulations are present	ent in Siddha system of medicine:
a) 80,200	b) 13,470
c) 85,500	d) 12.780