



BRAINWARE UNIVERSITY

Term End Examination 2021 - 22

Programme – Bachelor of Science in Physician Assistant

Course Name – Community Health

Course Code - BPA603

(Semester VI)

Time allotted : 1 Hrs.15 Min.

Full Marks : 60

[The figure in the margin indicates full marks.]

Group-A

(Multiple Choice Type Question)

1 x 60=60

Choose the correct alternative from the following :

- (1) School going age of children are
- | | |
|-------------------|-----------|
| a) 1-3yrs | b) 2-4yrs |
| c) 5yrs and above | d) 3-4yrs |
- (2) Once community health centre is referral for
- | | |
|----------|-------------|
| a) three | b) four |
| c) six | d) five-PHC |
- (3) One subcentre is for the population of _____
- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| a) 3000-5000 | b) 5000-7000 |
| c) 3000-4000 | d) 3000-6000 |
- (4) MMR target goal by 2030 is _____
- | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| a) 70/1000 lifebirths | b) 70/1 laks live birth |
| c) 80/100000 life birth | d) 80/10000 life birth |
- (5) ICDS was established in the year of
- | | |
|---------|---------|
| a) 1976 | b) 1985 |
| c) 1989 | d) 1975 |
- (6) WHO was established on
- | | |
|---------|---------|
| a) 1948 | b) 1947 |
| c) 1970 | d) 1950 |
- (7) BCG is a
- | | |
|-----------------|------------------|
| a) Vaccine | b) Oral medicine |
| c) IV injection | d) Dry syrup |
- (8) ICDS serves for the children upto the age of
- | | |
|---------|---------|
| a) 6yrs | b) 7yrs |
| c) 9yrs | d) 4yrs |

- (9) The keymetric/criteria for assessing the population health is
- a) sensors
 - b) notification
 - c) good oral health
 - d) Life expantancy
- (10) The most frequent causative organism in children in rural india is
- a) tuberculosis
 - b) E.coli
 - c) S.typhe
 - d) S.pneumonia
- (11) Toddlers are
- a) 1-3yrs
 - b) 4-5yrs
 - c) 1-4 yrs
 - d) 2-5yrs
- (12) Infant refers to
- a) 1-2yrs
 - b) 1 month-12 month
 - c) 2-3yrs
 - d) 4-5 yrs
- (13) Specialist consultation is available in
- a) Villlage level
 - b) PHC level
 - c) Community health centre
 - d) None of these
- (14) Amoebiosis is a disease of
- a) Heart
 - b) Lung
 - c) Eyes
 - d) Intestine
- (15) Which of the following is not a bacteria mediated disease?
- a) Malnutrition
 - b) Amibiasis
 - c) pneumonia
 - d) tetenus
- (16) Syphillis is a _____ disease
- a) airborne
 - b) STD
 - c) Waterborne
 - d) vectorborne
- (17) Tetanus is caused by
- a) Bacteria
 - b) Virus
 - c) Fungus
 - d) None of these
- (18) Clostridium tetani causes
- a) Tetanus
 - b) TB
 - c) Amoebiasis
 - d) Plague
- (19) Which one is the disease of urethra primarily
- a) Plague
 - b) Tetanus
 - c) Meningistis
 - d) Gonorrhoea
- (20) Cholera is a disease of
- a) airborne
 - b) waterborne
 - c) bloodborne
 - d) vectorborne
- (21) Oral thrush in infant is a
- a) Viral
 - b) Bacterial
 - c) Fungal
 - d) nutritional
- (22) Vaginal yeast infection is a
- a) Fungal
 - b) Viral
 - c) Bacterial
 - d) nutritional
- (23) Paranychia is a infection by
- a) Viral
 - b) Bacterial
 - c) Fungal
 - d) None of these

- (24) Whooping cough (pertussis) is caused by
- a) Virus
 - b) Bacterial
 - c) Fungus
 - d) All of these
- (25) _____ is an infestation?
- a) Ascariasis
 - b) TB
 - c) Plague
 - d) Cholera
- (26) Ascariasis lumbricoides is a
- a) Virus
 - b) Bacteria
 - c) Fungus
 - d) Worm
- (27) Precocious puberty in boys is before the age of
- a) 9 yrs
 - b) 10yrs
 - c) 8yrs
 - d) 12yrs
- (28) Precocious puberty in girls is before the age of
- a) 10 yrs
 - b) 9yrs
 - c) 8yrs
 - d) 12yrs
- (29) Pertussis is primarily disease of
- a) Adult
 - b) Young adult
 - c) Children
 - d) All of these
- (30) Dengue is a disease
- a) airborne
 - b) waterborne
 - c) vectorborne
 - d) All of these
- (31) 90% of GERD resolves within _____ years of life
- a) 1-2yrs
 - b) 3-4yrs
 - c) 2-3yrs
 - d) None of these
- (32) GERD is a chronic
- a) reflux
 - b) Amoebiasis
 - c) Appendicitis
 - d) cholecystitis
- (33) GERD is treated with
- a) histamine 2 blocker
 - b) ATD
 - c) OHA
 - d) All of these
- (34) Scintigraphy is related with
- a) appendicitis
 - b) Amoebiasis
 - c) GERD
 - d) IDDM
- (35) Ondansetron is a
- a) OHA
 - b) ATD
 - c) Antiemetic
 - d) Anti amoebic
- (36) The classical symptom of infantile GERD is
- a) Regurgitation
 - b) Vomiting
 - c) Bloating
 - d) Diarrhoea
- (37) Which one is an anti-platelet reagent
- a) Ethambutol
 - b) Acetyl Salicylic acid
 - c) Amlodipin
 - d) Ranitidine
- (38) Which one is a sign of raised intracranial pressure
- a) Hunger
 - b) Fever
 - c) Vomiting
 - d) None of these

- (39) Kernigs sign is related with
- a) Enteric Fever
 - b) Malaria
 - c) Tetanus
 - d) meningitis
- (40) Which one is a mixed organ of the body
- a) Stomach
 - b) Spleen
 - c) Liver
 - d) Small intestine
- (41) Chloprimazole is an ____ drug
- a) Bacteria
 - b) Viral
 - c) Anti-fungal
 - d) Anti-diabetic
- (42) Otorrhoea may found in
- a) Thyroid deficiency
 - b) Eye infection
 - c) Ear infection
 - d) All of these
- (43) Rhinorrhoea is associated with infection of
- a) Eye
 - b) Ear
 - c) Nose
 - d) None of these
- (44) Rifampicine is an Anti _____ drug
- a) hypertensive
 - b) Tubercular
 - c) fungal
 - d) Viral
- (45) Recommended disinfectant specific to killing to Corona Virus is
- a) Lyzol
 - b) Carbolic acid
 - c) Phenyl
 - d) Sodium Hypochlorite
- (46) The mode of transmission of Leprosy is
- a) Droplet infection
 - b) Fecal oral route
 - c) Sexual contact
 - d) None of these
- (47) Which animal is amplifier of Japanese encephalitis
- a) Cow
 - b) Pig
 - c) Monkey
 - d) Cat
- (48) Rubella is also known as:
- a) Tetanus
 - b) Whooping cough
 - c) German measles
 - d) Measles
- (49) Which one is Flavo virus
- a) japanese encephalitis
 - b) Dengue
 - c) COVID-19
 - d) None of these
- (50) The infection by which organism can cause cervix cancer
- a) HIV
 - b) HPV
 - c) H Pylori
 - d) Hepatitis B
- (51) What is Palliative Care
- a) Is an approach to reduce mortality and morbidity of the country
 - b) Is an approach to improve quality of life of patients and their family who are facing life threatening illness
 - c) Is an approach to reduce cost of treatment
 - d) Is an approach to quality of life of patients with terminal cancer
- (52) Brachytherapy refers to
- a) Giving anti cancerous drugs through intravenous route
 - b) Procedure of placing radioactive material inside the body
 - c) Passing radioactive rays in the body
 - d) None of these

(53) When was National Family Health and welfare program started in India

a) 1947

b) 1952

c) 1980

d) 1953

(54) Which of the diseases are eradicated from India?

a) Small Pox, Guinea worm, Polio and Yaws

b) Measles, Polio, Small Pox

c) Leprosy, Tuberculosis, Small Pox

d) SARS, Polio, Small Pox

(55) When India was declared Polio free

a) 27th March 2019

b) 27th March 2010

c) 27th March 2015

d) 27th March 2014

(56) Mission Indradhanush was launched in which year?

a) 1974

b) 2012

c) 1999

d) 2000

(57) What immediate nursing intervention will you take in case of blood reaction

a) Stop the transfusion immediately and monitor vital signs

b) Inform blood bank

c) Inform the physician

d) Monitor vital signs

(58) The order to perform CPR as per American Heart Association is

a) Airway breathing compression

b) Breathing airway compression

c) Compression airway breathing

d) None of these

(59) Which of these is a permanent method of contraception

a) MTP

b) Vasectomy

c) Tubal ligation

d) Tubal ligation and Vasectomy

(60) Which one is a natural method of family planning

a) Tracing changes in cervical mucous

b) BBT and Tracing changes in cervical mucous

c) BBT

d) None of these